

CENTRAL POWERS CLOSE TO BREAK OVER RUSSIANS

Austrian Press Warns Germany Against Continued War on Russians

FACTIONS IN BATTLE Anarchy and Revolt Rampant in Russia—March Against Ukrainians

(Associated Press Leased Wire.) London, Feb. 18.—A deep, serious schism has been created between Germany and Austria by the termination of the armistice between the Central Powers and Russia and the renewal of a state of war, according to the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The Austrian press, continues the correspondent, is warning Germany against the re-opening of hostilities in which Austria does not wish to participate.

Cossacks Battle Bolsheviks (Associated Press Leased Wire.) Petrograd, Friday, Feb. 15.—A battle was begun yesterday between the Bolsheviks and a wing of the Cossack army of General Alexieff, former Russian commander in chief, which is advancing toward Kharkov in the Ukraine, 420 miles southwest of Moscow. The Bolsheviks are sending troops to crush this newest revolt, but reports received here indicate that the forces of Boris Savinkoff, who was a member of the Kerensky cabinet, are ready to join General Alexieff.

I. N. U. OVERCAME MANY OBSTACLES

By persistent work in the face of unforeseen obstacles in many of its steam plants, the I. N. U. has been able to compensate for the big power loss occasioned by the high water, and now practically all electrical demands are being fully met. Sunday, with the big commercial load off for the day, the S. D. & E. was able to resume schedule service on its city and interurban lines, and during the off day the maintenance department was able to get its steam power stations in condition to handle the increased work.

POLICE PICKED UP FOUR DRUNKS

The Dixon police picked up four drunks Saturday night and yesterday and in each case the intoxicated man claimed to have acquired his jag in Amboy. All were assessed fines by local justices; Justice Gehant assessed Robert Hinton \$5 and costs for his spree, and Justice Hill taxed A. F. Allen \$10 and Michael Tague and Isaac Barr \$3 and costs each.

MEXICANS FIRED UPON SON OF NELSON MAN AS HIS ARMY BALLOON DRIFTED ACROSS BORDER

George Cogswell, mentioned in the following from the Titonka, Ia., Topic, was a former resident of Nelson and he and his son have many friends in this vicinity who will find the account of the younger man intensely interesting.

Geo. Cogswell and wife returned Wednesday evening of last week from Omaha, where they spent two or three days visiting Lieut. Harold Cogswell of the aerial corps. Harold has just returned from San Antonio, Texas, where he spent two weeks in making flights. A captain and seven students, Harold being one of them, started on a flight at 3 a. m. one day two or three weeks ago and while going up they struck a current of rain that took them over the border into Mexico. As they passed over the border they were shot at by the Mexicans but the balloons in which they were drifting being too high, the shots failed to reach the mark. They drifted on and on, going at a 40-mile gait, until they were more than 60 miles into old Mexico. When they crossed the border they mistook the Rio Grande for a river in Texas and didn't know the difference until the noise of shots was heard. After leaving the border they began to look for a place to land. They drifted and drifted over timber land, where wild hogs, coyotes and wolves roamed in

GOVERNOR CORRECTS FALSE IMPRESSIONS ON GOOD ROAD BOND ISSUE

Says Entire Cost Is to Be Met by Auto License Fees

WAIT TILL WAR ENDS Says Work on Improvements Will Be Commenced Then

The following statement by Gov. Lowden, concerning the \$60,000,000 bond issue for good roads in this state, upon which the people will soon be called to vote, will do much to clear up much misunderstanding concerning the project; principally the belief that the tax payers will have to pay the money and that the work will interfere with war activities. Gov. Lowden states plainly that all of the cost of the improvement will be paid from the automobile licenses and that work will not be started until after the war. Gov. Lowden's statement in full is:

"I would like to say a word with reference to the war and its relation to the good roads bonds. Even if these bonds are voted next fall and this war is still on, I wouldn't think, as governor of this state, of trying to market those bonds immediately, or of starting immediately to build these roads, and I don't think anyone else would think of that. While this war is on, so far as I can see, you wouldn't get the material without paying prohibitive prices. Anyone will tell you that if we had to build these roads now, with the present prices of road material and with the present prices of labor, the \$60,000,000 wouldn't begin to build the roads which are planned for."

(Continued on Page Five.)

BIG RUSH FOR SEATS FOR ELKS MINSTRELS

Record Crowds for Two Shows Is Being Freely Forecasted

COSTUMES ARE HERE

With a rush fully as great as had marked the event on former years the seat sale for the sixth annual production of the Elks minstrels, which will be given Wednesday and Thursday evening at the opera house opened this morning at Campbell's drug store, and the condition of the chart at the end of the first hour's sale indicated two crowded houses for the performers, and a neat balance for the Neighborhood Committee of the State Council of Defense, to which the proceeds of the show will be donated this year. No advance in the prices has been made for the performances and the enterprise is one that every citizen of the community can well afford to patronize, and in which two hours of happy entertainment will be given.

The costumes and special scenery for the shows arrived in Dixon this morning and will be used in the dress rehearsal at the opera house tomorrow evening. In every way the costumes, scenic effects, chorus work and other details will be more elaborate than ever before attempted by the Elks and there is no doubt on the part of those connected with the company that the shows this year will be the best ever given by the Dixon lodge.

LEE COUNTY BOY IN CAMP GRANT DIED SUDDENLY

Franklin Grove Soldier Boy Died From Accident in Boxing Match in Camp

FIRST N. A. MAN TO DIE Had Been Married Only a Few Months—Brought Home by Honor Squad

Lee county's first national army man has died in the service. Earl Howard Palsgrove, of Franklin Grove and Ashton, a member of Company M, 342nd Infantry, at Camp Grant, Rockford, passed away at 2 o'clock Sunday morning from the effects of boxing contests in which he participated last Thursday. The body will arrive in Franklin Grove today, accompanied by an honor squad of U. S. soldiers from his company, according to information sent by Captain Kumler, commander of Company M. The funeral will be held Wednesday morning from the Fred Roe home at 10 o'clock and from the Methodist church at 10:30. Rev. Graham will officiate.

Mr. Palsgrove was married Nov. 24th of last year to Miss Aurelia Roe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Roe. He was born in Pennsylvania and his parents live at Pennassee, that state. For the past year he has made his home with his aunt, Mrs. Quimby Breunier, who lives on a farm north of Franklin Grove. At the time of his registration for army service he was working in Ashton township, and he was called with the national army men from that town. His parents have been notified and are coming from Pennsylvania for the funeral. An uncle and aunt from St. Charles, Ill., are also on the way. George Hawbecker of Franklin Grove is a brother of the young man. Mr. Palsgrove was 27 years old the 12th of September.

Due To Accident.
The soldier boy took part in a boxing contest on Thursday, and must have suffered a serious injury at that time. He complained of a headache, and Saturday evening became quite ill. He was removed to a hospital and there became unconscious. At 2 a. m. Sunday he died.

MRS. AUSTIN POWERS PASSED AWAY SUNDAY

WIFE OF PROMINENT RESIDENT OF PALMYRA SUCCEEDED TO STROKE—FUNERAL TUESDAY.

Mrs. Austin Powers of Prairieville died Sunday afternoon at 12:30 o'clock. The news of her death came as a shock to the countless friends of this well known and beloved woman. The funeral will be held from the home at Prairieville at 2 p. m. Tuesday, Feb. 19, and at 2:30 from the Prairieville church.

Mrs. Powers suffered a stroke of Paralysis on Feb. 1, and death came Sunday as a result.

Beside the husband, Austin Powers, one of the prominent farmers of Lee county, there are three children surviving. They are LeRoy, Luella and Edna, all living at home.

A sister, Mrs. R. L. Davenport, resides in Wilbur, Ore., and there are two brothers, C. L. Tallman of Co. Wallis, Ore., and J. M. Tallman of Cedar Rapids, Ia.

Mrs. Powers was born near Comanche, Clinton County, Iowa, 59 years ago. She was married to Mr. Powers 37 years ago and they moved to Prairieville at that time.

PRESTON KEPT BUSY ON RANGE

Lieut. Clarence G. Preston of this city is being kept especially busy by the commanding officers of the 123rd Heavy Field Artillery at Camp Logan, as he is being shifted from battery to battery to instruct the men on the range. Originally with Battery C, Lieut. Preston was transferred to Battery F, but all last week he was on the range in command of Battery E.

SOME CHANGES AT COURT HOUSE

The examination of Class 1 men by the local examining board at the court house this week has caused a temporary re-arrangement of quarters on the third floor of the building. Income Tax Inspector Whetzel has moved from the jury room on the third floor to the Board of Review room on the second floor, and Judge Farrand will hold such sessions of the circuit court as are necessary this week in the county court room.

TWENTY-EIGHT MORE LEE COUNTY BOYS GO TO ARMY ON MONDAY

Twenty-eight more Lee County men will go Monday morning of next week to Camp Grant, sent by the Local Board, on the orders of the War Department. This contingent will form 16 per cent of Lee County's quota on the first call and will leave 16 per cent more to go to complete the quota. The men who will go, who are to report to the Local Board Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, for orders, and will leave Dixon at 6:41, Monday morning over the C. & N. W., to Rockford, via Rochelle, are as follows, the last four in the list being alternates who will go if any of the first twenty-eight men fail to appear:

Order No.	Name	Residence
11	John S. Palmer	Dixon
18	Floyd P. Drew	Dixon
25	Fred Wm. Schmidt	Amboy
30	Peter Phillip Barr	Brooklyn
80	Wm. F. Gewenke	Brooklyn
97	Elmer H. Jeanguenat	Dixon
150	Clifford W. Brown	Dixon
165	Waldo Q. Adams	Dixon
199	Henry F. Montavon	Brooklyn
205	John Walter, Jr.	Reynolds
239	Jesse Keister	Dixon
240	Charles M. Becker	May
255	John J. Garland	Harmon
263	Theodore R. Mason	Dixon
266	Geo. W. Zimmerman	Wyoming
288	Robert McKee Latimer	Wyoming
305	George Leslie Davis	Brooklyn
320	Theodore E. Spencer	Dixon
333	Olaf Kaalas	Alto
345	George James Schweiger	Wyoming
382	Thomas Baird	Sublette
429	Roy John Ulrich	Lee Center
430	Paul Edward Landwer	Ashton
438	Willie Boyd Herron	Wyoming
464	Martin John Broderick	Amboy
359	Henry C. Vaupel	Reynolds
361	John Berger	Dixon
372	Wallace M. Hicks	Lee Center
374	Maurice C. Martin	China
420	John Jacob Miller	Alt.
455	Ellis Leo Kime	Dixon
465	Steve Majewski	Brooklyn

Proclamation

TO THE MERCHANTS:

The coal situation having steadily improved, we feel that the time has come when we can safely resume our customary business hours. Therefore, I suggest that you adjust your business affairs to conform to your custom, commencing Tuesday morning. I would further suggest that extreme care be exercised in the use of fuel, so that it will not be necessary for us to adopt extreme measures again this winter.

We should not forget that many other communities, not as fortunate as Dixon, are still suffering from fuel shortage. The continued conservation of fuel on our part will not only be a neighborly act to these other communities, but will be discharging a patriotic duty which we owe to the country at large.

It has been very pleasing to me to note the cordial spirit of co-operation shown by the citizens of Dixon.

HENRY SCHMIDT, Mayor.

MEDICAL BOARDS ARE BUSY EXAMINING MEN

EXAMINATION OF ALL OF CLASS ONE MEN STARTS THIS MORNING—RUNS ALL WEEK.

The physicians acting as examiners for the local board, Doctors Bokhof, Dornblazer, Banker and Parker, were actively engaged all day today examining about 150 men called by the local board for examination. The Medical Advisory board for District No. 6 was also in session today, as it will be every day this week while the examinations of Lee county men are going on and the Medical Advisory board examined not only the rejects of the local examining board, but cases that had been referred to the Whiteside county board.

The local board has called about 150 men for every day this week and hopes to complete the examination of all Class One men by that time and thereby complete its labors for the time being.

U. S. PROPAGANDA IN FOREIGN LAND

(Associated Press Leased Wire.) New York, Feb. 18.—A campaign of American propaganda in foreign countries, including Germany and neutral lands, will be begun shortly. It was made known here today by Arthur Woods, who was police commissioner of this city during the administration of Mayor Mitchell.

THE WEATHER

Monday, Feb. 18.
(Associated Press Leased Wire.) Unsettled tonight and Tuesday; rain or snow in north portion; colder Tuesday afternoon in north portion.

OBJECT TO EXAMS BECAUSE APPEALS NOT ACTED UPON

Report Says Attempt Is to Be Made to Enjoin Board Members for Action

EXAMS WILL CONTINUE Local Board Says its Course Is Legal and Greatly Facilitates Work

Freeport Journal-Standard: The members of a certain local board in this district may meet with trouble from Uncle Sam, if reports made to the district board are true. An investigation is now under way and when the facts are ascertained and found to be as reported it is probable that an injunction will be asked through the channels of the department of justice restraining the board from acting on any further questionnaires. It has been reported to the board that the selective board in question has been sending men to the physical examiners without the district board first acting on the cases.

The rules and regulations provide (Continued on page 4)

MOOSE TO HOLD BIG BAZAAR NEXT MONTH

DIXON LODGE TO PUT ON A BIG WEEK COMMENCING MARCH 16—NEW FEATURES.

At a recent meeting of the house committee Dixon Lodge No. 727, Loyal Order of Moose, it was decided to hold the bazaar in Moose hall for seven nights commencing March 16 and ending March 23. It had been previously arranged to hold the fair last January but, owing to shortage of fuel, it was postponed.

Several innovations in the bazaar line will be introduced for the pleasure and convenience of the patrons, and it is the hope of the committee to make a grand success of the affair, as the proceeds are to be used in paying for the necessary improvements on the new lodge home, which was purchased from the Christian church.

MAKE MINER KISS FLAG IN PUBLIC

(Associated Press Leased Wire.) Springfield, Ill., Feb. 18.—Two hundred coal miners quit work at the mine of the Citizens' Coal Co. here this morning, drove the mine manager, Henry Martini, and his two sons before them to the public square downtown and compelled them to kiss the flag and swear allegiance to the United States. Unpatriotic conduct was said to have prompted the demonstration.

Hundreds of citizens watched the ceremonial.

FINE ON BOOKS AFTER FEB. 20

It is announced that all library books now out may be returned before February 20 without being subject to fine. Fines will begin to accumulate after that day.

The Public library will be open every day this week except Friday, during the hours of 2 to 6 in the afternoon and 7 to 8 in the evening.

CLOSE MENNONITE MILL
(Associated Press Leased Wire.) Yankton, S. D., Feb. 18.—Government agents today closed the Mennonite flour mill in Bon Homme county. Ground glass is said to have been found in the mill.

Mrs. W. C. Durkes and little son were taken home from the hospital Saturday.

LUTHERAN CHURCHES OF ILLINOIS ARE RAISING BIG FUND THIS WEEK FOR SOLDIERS & SAILORS

The campaign for \$750,000 for war service on the part of the Lutherans in America, which is in progress all this week, is focussing attention on the work the National Lutheran Commission for Soldiers' and Sailors' Welfare is doing. The saying has been that Lutherans move deliberately. All Lutheran records for quick action were broken by the National Lutheran commission and men from other denominations confess frankly that the Lutherans in this case have set a mark for them which it will be difficult for them to equal.

The National Lutheran commission is the representative body, made up of representative men from the different Lutheran synods. The singular, unprecedented fact about the commission is that in it are representatives from every Lutheran body in America, so that its work is backed and made effective by ten million baptiz-

AMERICANS TAKE ON BIGGER WORK ON WEST FRONT

Pershing Widens Sphere of Activity on French Battle Lines

TEUTS. BOMB LONDON

Many Persons Killed and Injured in Raids Saturday and Sunday Nights

BULLETIN
Stockholm, Feb. 18.—The Germans resumed war measures against Russia today, the Social Demokraten states. Their first objective is the seizure of Esthonia and Livonia, it declares.

"Within a week we will occupy Revel," General Hofman, German military representative at the Brest-Litovsk peace conference is reported to have told the Russians late in January when they asked what would happen if they did not accept Germany's final terms.

The Stockholm announcement indicates that Germany is moving to carry out this threat. Revel is the capital of the province of Esthonia. It is situated on the Gulf of Finland and has been one of the principal Russian naval bases.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.) As the time for more active artillery operations on the western front approaches, the American expeditionary force is widening its sphere of activity along the front line. Not only do American soldiers hold a sector of the front east of St. Mihiel, but American artillery is helping the French in Champagne and infantrymen in company with French units are holding the front lines in one of the most famous battle fronts of the world. Except for a few small raids, only the artillery has been active at various points on the British, French and American fronts.

British airmen have been intensely busy dropping bombs and downing enemy machines.

Kill Many in London
(Associated Press Leased Wire.) London, Feb. 18.—Eleven persons were killed and four injured in the aerial attack on London, Saturday, it is announced officially.

Another Raid Sunday
(Associated Press Leased Wire.) London, Feb. 18.—The casualties in Sunday night's air raid were 16 killed and 37 injured, it was officially announced this afternoon.

Six or seven airplanes took part in the raid of Sunday night. Four flew over London, dropping bombs in various districts. All the others were turned back.

Six German airplanes attempted to attack London on Saturday night, but only one of them succeeded in reaching the capital. This raider dropped one bomb in the southwestern district. One of the German airplanes fell into the sea. On Sunday night London was raided again, a number of bombs being dropped in the city.

Attack French Lines
(Associated Press Leased Wire.) Paris, Feb. 18.—The Germans last night made an attack on the Champagne front, today's War Office statement reports. They gained a footing in the French positions, but after a spirited engagement were driven out.

IS MUCH IMPROVED
Mrs. George Shaver of Macon, Mississippi, who suffered a severe stroke about two weeks ago, is much improved at present and is on the road to recovery. Mrs. Shaver is the mother of Dale, Ray and Clarence Shaver of Dixon.

HAD OPERATION
Harry Stauffer submitted to an operation for appendicitis at the Dixon hospital Sunday. Reports today indicate that the operation was very successful.

(Continued on page 2)

L. C. RAISING FUNDS

(Continued from page 1)

have left the congregations. The figures arrived at that way tally with figures resulting from an estimate reached by using the number of men enlisted, the total church membership, the total population in the U. S. and the census figures of men between the ages of 21-31. In many sections of the country Lutherans are preponderant in the camps as religious centers. Camp Dodge it is claimed has over ten thousand Lutheran soldiers. Similarly the camps that house the men from Pennsylvania and the Mississippi valley states. It finally means that over 50 per cent of the young manhood of Lutheran congregations left home to go to camps, and that the men who are to make the congregations of tomorrow are in the U. S. service.

When these facts began to become clear to Lutheran leaders they made provision at once to meet the situation in a big way as the emergency called for.

The National Lutheran Commission for Soldiers' and Sailors' Welfare was organized with headquarters at New York City in the Knabe building. Dr. F. H. Knebel was appointed chairman.

ITALIAN QUEEN WRITES THANKS TO RED CROSS

Genoa, Italy (Correspondence of the Associated Press): From Queen Helena of Italy, the American Red Cross committee for Genoa, has received a telegram expressing her appreciation and that of King Emanuele for its high and beneficent work, in opening a canteen and refreshment place in the railroad station at Genoa. The Genoa committee was organized early in November, erected a chalet in the station yard and served as many as six hundred refugees in a single night, during the height of the Teutonic invasion.

Now that the influx of refugees has decreased, the scope of the canteen work has been expanded to include British and French soldiers passing through.

The new work was formerly inaugurated this week in the presence of municipal and army authorities. Paul Grosjean, manager of the Genoa branch of a New York bank, and chairman of the local committee, talked in behalf of the whole Red Cross organization in Italy. A Belgian, he has enthusiastically undertaken the American work.

The small nations, overwhelmed by the barbarism, have stronger faith than ever, he said. "This is an example to us. To these little nations have come in aid the great nations in an outpouring of high idealism of justice. The American Red Cross represents the spirit of humanity that animates the entire American people. It has given immediate aid to unfortunate soldiers forced to abandon their homes. It works throughout Italy in full harmony with the country's institutions. It intensifies the bonds of solidarity and sympathy between the two countries. Out of the awful struggle a good has come. Nations understand each other, draw nearer together and strengthen their friendly relations. The American Red Cross and the Italian Red Cross will work together in a holy mission of giving comfort and aid."

Consul General David T. Wilber expressed America's appreciation of cordial collaboration shown by citizens of Genoa. The mayor of Genoa responded warmly for the civilian authorities and General Garione for the military.

American, Italian and Red Cross flags were flying, and the station was thronged with a cheering crowd.

DOCTORS FAILED TO HELP

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Removed the Cause of this Woman's Illness.

Worcester, Mass.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a weakness and pain which used to keep me in bed for two days each month. I tried many doctors without benefit until I was really discouraged. My mother urged me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had helped her so much. I did so and soon saw a change for the better. I kept on taking it and now so well and strong that I can do all my housework, even my washing and I have a little baby who is as healthy as I could ask—thanks to your Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. F. H. STONE, 24 Bowdoin St., Worcester, Mass.

Women who suffer from displacements, irregularities, inflammation, ulceration, backache, headaches and nervousness should lose no time in giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

Your Child's Skin will be free from chafing, scalding eruptions and all soreness if you use **Sykes Comfort Powder** for more than 25 years it has been healing and preventing skin soreness. 25c at the Vinal and other drug stores. The Comfort Powder Co., Boston, Mass.

GERMANY GUILTY OF BARBARITIES IN WAR CONDUCT

Atrocious Treatment of the Helpless Part of Campaign Plans of Military Leaders.

POLICY OF FRIGHTFULNESS

Terrorism Declared a Necessary Principle in National Warfare—Brutalities May Be Said to Be Directly Attributable to the Emperor Himself.

The committee on public information, appointed by the president, and consisting of the secretary of state, secretary of war, secretary of the navy, and George Creel, official censor, has made public a mass of evidence dealing with German war practices which shows the Kaiser's leaders in the field and in command of captured points to be directly responsible for the beastliness which has characterized the operations of the "Huns" in the present conflict. Quotations from the pamphlet follow:

For many years leaders in every civilized nation have been trying to make warfare less brutal. The great landmarks in this movement are the Geneva and Hague conventions. The former made rules as to the care of the sick and wounded and established the Red Cross. At the first meeting at Geneva, in 1864, it was agreed, and until the present war it has been taken for granted, that the wounded, and the doctors and nurses who cared for them, would be safe from all attacks by the enemy. The Hague conventions, drawn up in 1864 and 1907, made additional rules to soften the usages of war and especially to protect noncombatants and conquered lands. Germany took a prominent part in these meetings, and with the other nations solemnly pledged her faith to keep all the rules except one article in the Hague regulations. This was article 44, which forbade the conqueror to force any of the conquered to give information. All the other rules and regulations she accepted in the most binding manner.

But Germany's military leaders had no intention of keeping these solemn promises. They had been trained along different lines. Their leading generals for many years had been urging a policy of frightfulness. In the middle of the nineteenth century Von Clausewitz was looked upon as the greatest military authority, and the methods which he advocated were used by the Prussian army in its successful wars of 1806-1871. Consequently because these wars had been successful, the wisdom of Von Clausewitz' methods seemed to the Prussian army to be fully proved.

Policy of Frightfulness. Now, the essence of Von Clausewitz' teachings was that successful war involves the ruthless application of force. In the opening chapter of his master work, "Vom Kriege" ("On War"), he says:

"Violence arms itself with the inventions of art and science. . . . Self-imposed restrictions, almost imperceptible and hardly worth mentioning, termed usages of international law, accompany it without essentially impairing its power. . . . Now, philanthropic souls might easily imagine that there is a skillful method of disarming or subduing an enemy without causing too much bloodshed, and that this is the true tendency of the art of war. However plausible this may appear, still it is an error which must be destroyed; for in such dangerous things as war, the errors which proceed from a spirit of 'good-naturedness' are precisely the worst. As the use of physical force to the utmost extent by no means excludes the co-operation of the intelligence, it follows that he who uses force ruthlessly, without regard to bloodshed, must obtain a superiority, if his enemy does not so use it."

In 1877-78, in the course of a series of articles upon "Military Necessity and Humanity," General von Hartmann wrote, in the same spirit as Von Clausewitz:

"The enemy state must not be spared the want and wretchedness of war; these are particularly useful in shattering its energy and subduing its will." "Individual persons may be harshly dealt with when an example is made of them, intended to serve as a warning. . . . Whenever a national war breaks out, terrorism becomes a necessary military principle. 'It is a gratuitous illusion to suppose that modern war does not demand far more brutality, far more violence, and at action far more general than was formerly the case.'"

In 1881 Von Moltke, who had been commander in chief of the Prussian army in the Franco-Prussian war, declared:

"Perpetual peace is a dream and not even a beautiful dream. War is an element in the order of the world established by God. By it the most noble virtues of man are developed, courage and renunciation, fidelity to duty and the spirit of sacrifice—the soldier gives his life. Without war, the world would degenerate and lose itself in materialism."

Many other examples might be cited from the writings of German generals. The very best illustration of this attitude, however, is to be found in the emperor's various speeches, and especially in his speech to his soldiers on the eve of their departure for China in 1900. On July 27 the Kaiser went to Bremerhaven to bid farewell to the German troops. As they were drawn up, ready to embark for China, he addressed to them a last official message from the fatherland. The local newspaper reported his speech in full. In it appeared this advice and admonition from the emperor, the commander in chief of the army, the head of all Germany:

"The soldier who endures suffering, privation and fatigue, who courts dangers, cannot take only 'in proportion to the resources of the country.' He must take all that is necessary to his existence. One has no right to demand of him anything superhuman." "The great good in war is that it should be ended quickly. In view of this, every means, except those which are positively condemnable, must be permitted. I cannot, in any way, agree with the declaration of St. Petersburg when it pretends that the weakening of the military forces of the enemy constitutes the only legitimate method of procedure in war. No! One must attack all the resources of the enemy government, his finances, his railroads, his stock of provisions and even his prestige. . . ."

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Soldiers Told to Be Merciless. "As soon as you come to blows with the enemy he will be beaten. No mercy will be shown! No prisoners will be taken! As the Huns, under King Attila, made a name for themselves, which is still mighty in traditions and legends today, may the name of German be so fixed in China by your deeds, that no Chinese shall ever again dare even to look at a German as a foe. . . . Open the way for Kultur once for all."

Even the imperial counselors seem to have been shocked at the emperor's speech, and efforts were promptly made to suppress the circulation of his exact words. The efforts were only partly successful. A few weeks later, when the letters from the German soldiers in China were being published, in local German papers, the leading socialist newspaper, Vorwaerts, excerpted from them reports of atrocities under the title "Letters of the Huns." Many of the leaders in the reichstag felt very keenly the brutality of the emperor's speech. The obnoxious word "Huns" had excited almost universal condemnation. When the reichstag met, in November, the speech was openly discussed. Herr Lieber of the center (Catholic party), after quoting the "no mercy" portion of the speech, added, "There are, alas, in Germany groups enough who have regarded the atrocities told in the letters which have been published as the duty of response of soldiers so addressed and encouraged." The leader of the social democrats, Herr Bebel, spoke even more pointedly. Toward the end of a two-hour address on the atrocities committed by the German soldiers in China and on the speech of the emperor, he said:

"If Germany wishes to be the bearer of civilization to the world, we will follow without contradiction. But the ways and means in which this world policy has been carried on thus far, in which it has been defined by the emperor . . . are not, in our opinion, the way to preserve the world position of Germany, to gain for Germany the respect of the world."

The consequences of the emperor's speech Bebel aptly described:

"By it the signal was given, garbed in the highest authority of the German empire, which must have most weighty consequences, not only for the troops who went to China but also for those who stayed at home. An expedition of revenge so barbarous as this has never occurred in the last hundred years and not often in history; at least, nothing worse than this has happened in history, either done by the Huns, by the Vandals, by Genghis Khan, by Tamerlane, or even by Tilly when he sacked Magdeburg."

Atrocities in China.

These atrocities in China or "Letters of the Huns" continued to be published in the Vorwaerts for several years and appeared intermittently in the debates of the reichstag as late as 1906. At that time the socialist, Herr Kunert, reviewing the procedure in a trial of which he had been the victim in the previous summer, stated that he had offered to prove "that German soldiers in China had engaged in wanton and brutal ravaging; that plunder, pillage, extortion, robbery, as well as rape and sexual abuses of the worst kind, had occurred on a very large scale and that German soldiers had participated in them." He had not been given an opportunity to prove his allegations, but had been sentenced to prison for three months for assailing the honor of the "whole German army." The outrageousness of this sentence was made clear by the revelations, made in the reichstag shortly afterwards, of similar atrocities committed by German officials and soldiers in Africa in the campaign against the Hereros.

For the guidance of the officers in case the inhabitants of conquered territory should take up arms against the German army, the "German War Book" quotes with approval the letter Napoleon sent to his brother Joseph:

"The security of your dominion depends on how you behave in the conquered province. Burn down a dozen places which are not willing to submit themselves. Of course, not until you have first looted them; my soldiers must not be allowed to go away with their hands empty. Have three to six persons hanged in every village which has joined the revolt; pay no respect to the cossack (that is, to members of the clergy)."

Misses Claire Valle and Loretta Valle will leave this evening for a short visit with friends at Des Moines, Ia.

Sore Throat, Colds Quickly Relieved By Hamlin's Wizard Oil

Hamlin's Wizard Oil is a simple and effective treatment for sore throat and chest colds. Used as a gargle for sore throat it brings quick relief. Rubbed on the chest it will often loosen up a hard, deep seated cold in one night.

How often sprains, bruises, cuts and burns occur in every family, as well as little troubles like earache, toothache, cold sores, canker sores, stiff neck, and tired aching feet. Soothing, healing Wizard Oil will always bring quick relief.

Get it from druggists for 30 cents. If not satisfied return the bottle and get your money back.

Ever constipated or have sick headache? Just try Wizard Liver Whips, pleasant little pink pills, 30 cents. Guaranteed.

HOME FROM HOSPITAL Mrs. Charles Bresch, who submitted to an operation at the hospital recently, is recovering most satisfactorily and will be removed to her home tomorrow.

AMBOY

Forrest Ullrich has gone to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., where he enlisted in the U. S. Coast Artillery. Recently he was employed in the Clark grocery.

Miss Bessie Moore is in Chicago buying her spring millinery stock.

The Women's Club will meet Monday, February 18, at the home of Mrs. F. N. Vaughn. Rev. Joseph Burrows will deliver a lecture on "England." This meeting is open to public, admission, 10c.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Berry spent a few days in Chicago.

Mrs. George W. Saum, who passed away at her home in Harmon, February 7, was a former Amboy resident, living north of town, on the Chicago road. Funeral services were at the Methodist church, last Sunday, and the body was placed in the vault at Prairie Repose cemetery, Amboy.

Rev. E. W. and Mrs. Kuethe and baby are located at their new home in Cullom, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Vaughan entertained their son, Lieutenant Fred Vaughn of Camp Grant, Tuesday, as he was returning from a trip to South Carolina, where he escorted some troops.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Lyon have rooms at the W. G. White home.

John Ewalt passed away Thursday noon, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Frank Hubbel, on Plant street. Funeral services were held Saturday, at 2:30, with interment at Prairie Repose cemetery. The deceased was an aged resident of this vicinity, having moved here from Ohio several years ago. He has been very ill the past month from the infirmities due to advanced years. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Frank Hubbel and Mrs. Fred Lewis, both of Amboy, and two sons living near Ohio.

A Red Cross benefit will be given in the opera house, Monday evening, February 25. An entertainment which will consist of a lecture, "My Trip to America," by Rev. Joseph Burrows, and the Men's Community Chorus will sing.

Henry Vaupel of Ashton was a visitor at the home of his brother, J. A. Vaupel, last Tuesday.

The Methodist Guild was entertained last Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. J. E. Haas and Miss Mandana Green, at the home of the former. The time was spent in sewing and enjoying an appetizing luncheon.

Charles Spangler, a U. of I. student, has enlisted in Chicago. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Shangler.

Miss Fern Sheffer passed away in Chicago after a short illness, Thursday night. The deceased is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Sheffer of this city and was recently employed in the office of the Leake and Goode shop on East avenue. About a month ago she went to Chicago to visit a step-sister, who was ill. Her mother went to Chicago, Friday morning, returning with the body of her daughter, Friday night. Miss Sheffer is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Sheffer, two step-brothers, John Preston of Iowa, and Clyde Sheffer, Rock Falls; a step-sister, Mrs. Maude Whitney of this city, and a number of relatives and friends who mourn her early demise.

John and Ethel McGowan attended the funeral of their uncle, Michael McGowan of Dixon. The services were held Friday morning from St. Patrick's church, with interment at Oakwoods cemetery.

GLASS OF SALTS IF YOUR KIDNEYS HURT

Eat less meat if you feel Backache or have Bladder trouble—Salts fine for Kidneys

Meat forms uric acid which excites and overworks the kidneys in their efforts to filter it from the system. Regular eaters of meat must flush the kidneys occasionally. You must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the acids, waste and poison, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the channels often get irritated, obliging you to get up two or three times during the night. To neutralize these irritating acids and flush out the body's urinous waste get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive; harmless and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder diseases.

chael McGowan of Dixon. The services were held Friday morning from St. Patrick's church, with interment at Oakwoods cemetery.

The Amboy High School played the Morrison High School basketball team, Friday night, in this city.

Little Patricia Fleming, who submitted to an operation for appendicitis, last Sunday, at the Amboy hospital, is making a good recovery.

Carl Lessner of Chicago spent Tuesday in this city with the F. N. Vaughn family.

Amboy and vicinity was visited by a heavy snow storm, Saturday morning.

Frank King of Central City, Neb., was a recent guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. King of Lee Center.

Harry Doty spent Tuesday in Compton, in the interest of the I. N. U. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Fenstermaker and son of Rockford spent a week with the C. W. Malne and W. Fenstermaker families.

William Smith of New York recently donated \$10 to the Amboy Auxiliary of the Red Cross, also \$10 to the Amboy Knitting Club. Mr. Smith spends his summer vacations

with his sister, Mrs. E. C. Gridley, of this city.

Old Amboy residents have recalled the fact that Mrs. Garfield, wife of Dr. Garfield, federal fuel administrator, was a former Amboy girl. She is the daughter of John Newell, who was at one time chief engineer of the Illinois Central railway, making this city his headquarters, and later became president of the Lake Shore & Michigan Central railroad.

Installation of W. R. C. officers will take place Saturday, February 23rd.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Dewey are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. Ralph Potter and family, who came from Floyd, Iowa, recently, to reside on a farm near Paw Paw. They will visit here a few weeks before going to Paw Paw.

Mrs. Harry Patterson, a former Amboy resident, is a patient at the Dixon hospital, where she submitted to an operation on her arm, which she injured, last summer, when she fell from a wagon. The family reside at Temperance Hill.

Mrs. Addie Barlow has returned from an extended visit in Rockford and Freeport.

F. Rankin returned home from

the hospital, Thursday afternoon. He had part of his finger removed on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Kehoe, an employee of the Kirkland Bank, spent a few days here last week with her parents.

R. W. Jamison has moved to the corner room in the Hegert building, where he will conduct his insurance business hereafter.

Dr. Sickles of Dixon made a professional visit in this city, Friday.

Howard Staup of Chicago, who spent a number of vacations here with his grandmother, Mrs. L. S. Staup, is now a student at the University of Illinois.

Sergeant Jas. B. Connors of Chicago, who was a recent guest of his aunts, Mrs. Ed Underwood and Mrs. J. Curtin, has left Camp Grant for France, where he will do clerical work on General Pershing's staff.

Misses Alice Dillow and Anna Hurley were taken to the Geneva Industrial Home, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Mackh and Dr. and Mrs. T. F. Dornblaser attended a party at the A. Aschenbrenner residence in Bradford, last Thursday night.

Mr. and Mrs. John Alexander spent the week end in Dixon.

IRRIGATED LAND

The Gold Standard of Land Values

A straight man to man business proposition as one farmer to another. The average owner of good Illinois land could, with about one-half of the present investment, secure the same area in the famous Burbank irrigated district, which not only produces a greater profit from general crops, live stock and dairying, but will bring a very substantial increase in value in a reasonable length of time.

This opportunity is worth the serious consideration of all farmers and land owners. Many prominent Illinois and Iowa farmers have already profited by taking advantage of this extraordinary opportunity. Many more are thoroughly investigating.

Practically every legitimate banking house the world over advise diversified investments.

Diversified farming with live stock—properly managed—is one of the surest and safest methods of making money known to man.

To diversify land investment and operation is to follow the business practice of the most successful men. It is an insurance against loss.

The Burbank lands are producing 60 to 100 bushels of wheat, 50 to 100 bushels of corn, 60 to 125 bushels of oats, 400 to 600 bushels of potatoes, 7 to 11 tons of alfalfa and up to 17 bushels of clover seed per acre. Two crops of potatoes or a crop of potatoes and a corn silage crop can be grown on the same land the same year. Only 8 days in the past 18 years that land could not be plowed throughout the winter.

A better price for butter fat than at Elgin.

A stock yards nearby, where buyers pay top prices for live stock. All live stock free from disease.

Pork is produced for 4c a pound. Burbank's good dairy farmers are clearing \$85 and more per acre.

Four railroads and the Columbia river furnish transportation to large markets. Products loaded by 10 o'clock at night reach Seattle next morning.

Climatic conditions permit the preparing of the seed bed, planting, cultivation and harvesting of crops at the proper time. Irrigation furnishes the proper amount of moisture at the right time. No crop killing frosts, no drouth, no excessive wet weather, no humidity or sunstroke, no mud or slush.

Four churches, two grade schools, a modern high school and a state college in the district. Bell telephone system and electric light and power is served the entire district.

Large banking institutions who finance irrigation projects, railroads, prominent irrigation engineers, well known agriculturists, farm journals and national newspapers indorse the land irrigation system and the business methods of the Daniel Hays Company, who, for 62 years, have honestly intelligently and successfully sold to the farmers of Illinois and Iowa farm lands that have increased their incomes and bettered their condition.

It is well known among large investment institutions, such as insurance companies, etc., that farm investments, properly placed and diversified throughout various states, constitutes the safest form of investment. It has been demonstrated that the best known land investments are in districts where the soil is not easily exhausted in case crop rotation is not practiced, where there is plenty of moisture, where diversified farming is well established and where climatic conditions are good for general farming and live stock production.

The most successful financial men not only place their investments where the principal is safe, but pick investments where there is likely to be an increase in value.

Daniel Hayes' land has all the above requirements. The soil is lava ash, which agriculturists say will produce abundant crops for hundreds of years without fertilization. Moisture conditions are ideal, climatic conditions that allow diversified farming and live stock production to the fullest extent. And these lands should greatly increase in value in a comparatively short time.

Mr. Farmer, these things are of vital importance to you. As yields increase and live stock production expands more working capital is necessary if you are to reap the full benefit of your land.

Forty-seven Lower Yakima Valley farmers borrowed on the average of over \$100 per acre from the Federal Farm Loan Bank.

For only \$60 and your meals on the train you can see the land, talk to farmers from your own state; inspect records of grain buyers, etc. Trees are in bloom. Now is the time to see the great Idaho-Washington country. Pullman sleepers and good accommodations. Stop overs permitted. Prominent people from this section are going March 5th. Special trip taking in Idaho and Washington. Make your reservation now.

DANIEL HAYES CO., Rock Island, Ill.

Phone or see R. B. Fultz, Nachusa Tavern, Dixon, Ill.

"The truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth."—The oath of a witness.

Be YOUR Own WITNESS

SOCIETY

COMING EVENTS

Saturday
Stjerner Club Meeting, Miss Elizabeth Wold.
Peoria Avenue Reading Club, Mrs. C. G. Smith.
O. E. S. Parlor Club, Masonic Hall.
Hoi Polloi Club, Mrs. Dave Boos.
Tuesday
Phidian Art Club, Miss Carrie Rosenthal.
Eastern Star, Red Cross Shop.
Wednesday
Congregational Missionary—Mrs. W. W. Heckman.
Kingdom-Bend Aid, Mrs. William Floto.
Thursday
Dorcas Society, Mrs. Alida Gumm.
Visited Sister.
Miss Emma Donovan has returned to Chicago after visiting her sister, Mrs. James Curran.

At Dinner.
Mr. and Mrs. Ray Shaver entertained at dinner Sunday Mr. and Mrs. John Shaver, Mr. and Mrs. John Trippe and Mr. and Mrs. David James and son.

Quadrille Club Dance.
The Quadrille club has issued invitations to a dancing party to be given at the Armory hall tomorrow evening. Miss Gorham, piano; Mr. Trippier, guitar; Mr. Huff, mandolin; and Mr. Schick, violin, will form the four-piece orchestra to furnish the music.

To Entertain.
Miss Lois Lord will entertain her friends from the boys and girls of her class at school with a party at her home in Palmyra the coming Friday evening. If the sleighing continues the affair will begin with a bob ride.

Patriotic Meeting.
Members of the G. A. R. post and the U. S. W. V. camp and its auxiliary are invited to attend the patriotic program given at G. A. R. hall this evening by the Ladies of the G. A. R. Circle in honor of the birthdays of Lincoln and Washington. An excellent program has been prepared and refreshments will be served.

Skating Party.
A public skating party will be given this evening at the rink, the proceeds of which have been donated by Mr. Rice to the war fund of Chapter A C, Illinois P. E. O. The organization is making its first public appeal for help in its work and trusts in the cordial support of the public for this evening's benefit.

Social At Gap Grove.
The Gap Grove school, Miss Agnes Prindaville teacher, will give a basket social at Gap Grove hall tomorrow evening. An attractive program has been arranged and everyone is cordially invited to attend. Those going from Dixon should take the 8 o'clock interurban.

Kingdom-Bend Aid.
A postponed meeting of the Kingdom-Bend Aid society will be held the coming Wednesday, Feb. 20, at the home of Mrs. Wm. Floto.

NOTICE

Although everything connected with my business has advanced my prices remain the same.
Plain shampoo 50c with hot oil or witch hazel 75c
Curling and dressing 10 to 25c extra
Hair dressing 25 to 50c
Manicuring 50c
Facial massage, \$1.00 per hour
Facial massage, per half hour 50c
Switches made from combings, per ounce 50c

FLORENCE E. DUSTMAN
BEAUTY SHOP.

Dress Making
Millinery
Kaki Yarn
LA CAMILLE CORSETS
—AT—
HESS MILLINERY
208 First Street

Youthful
Vigor abides
with Health, and
cheer with both

DR. W. F. AYDELOTTE
Neurologist and Health Instructor.
228 Crawford Ave., Dixon, Ill.
Phone 160 for Personal Attention.

TRAVELERS' DANCE TO BE SEASON'S EVENT

ELABORATE ARRANGEMENT IS MADE FOR AFFAIR FRIDAY EVENING.

Arrangements for the first annual informal dancing party of Dixon Council United Commercial Travelers, which will be given at Rosbrook hall Friday evening, Washington's birthday, are practically completed, and they insure a party which will probably eclipse any similar affair of the present season. The members of the committee in charge are going to great expense to make the affair a success. Electrical Wm. Cahill has been called upon for elaborate lighting arrangements and C. H. Fallstrom has been instructed to "go the limit" in floral and foliage effects. Music for the dancing will be furnished by the Marquette orchestra.

Mangan-Krug.
A quiet wedding, due to the death of the bride's mother, was performed at the M. E. parsonage at 6 p. m. Sunday, uniting in marriage Miss Amanda Krug, daughter of Casper Krug of this city, and Corporal Claude N. Manges of the 108th Engineers, Camp Logan, Houston, Tex., son of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Mangan of Sterling. The only witnesses of the ceremony were the bride's father and Mr. Mangan's mother. The ring ceremony was used. The bride was becomingly attired in a Taupe-colored suit, with which a white Georgette crepe waist was worn. After the ceremony an elaborate three-course dinner was served at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Griesse, 505 S. Galena Ave. Hyacinths were used in the table decorations. The guests at the dinner included beside the bride and groom, Mrs. Mangan's mother, Misses Mildred and Mabel Griesse, Corporal and Mrs. Mangan went to Sterling, where they will visit for a time at the home of the former's parents. Upon his return to Houston, for which place he will leave Wednesday, his wife will come to Dixon and continue to make her home here until such time as the exigencies of war are over. Both young people have the highest esteem of many friends and wishes for their happiness are many.

Dorcas Society Meets.
The Dorcas society of the Congregational church will meet at 2:30 p. m. Thursday with Mrs. Alida Gumm of West Second street. Rev. J. Dornhoefer will have charge of the bible study and after the business meeting a social hour will be enjoyed.

At Trowbridge Home.
Mrs. Watros of Chicago was a week end guest of Dr. and Mrs. Trowbridge, the latter entertaining for her Saturday evening the members of the Presbyterian Auxiliary who were particular friends of Mrs. Watros during her stay here.

Card Party.
An invitation is issued to all interested in the soldier boys of any religious sect whatever to attend the card party given as a benefit for them on tomorrow evening, at Knights of Columbus hall, by the War Council of St. Patrick's Catholic church. The fund will go towards securing reading and recreational material for the boys at Camp Grant. Tables enough will be provided for everyone and all will be made welcome. The benefits of the fund will not be limited to boys of the Catholic persuasion.

Washington Party.
Mrs. Cooling and Mrs. Schmeda were hostesses this afternoon of the O. E. S. Parlor Club, at a Washington party, at Masonic hall. The guests were greeted at the door by Martha and George Washington in the persons of Miss Erma Slaughter and Miss Willie Beavers. The costumes were perfect in detail and the presence of George and Martha added much to the effectiveness of the party. Tiny flags, thrust in the ice cream, which was served with small cakes and coffee, enhanced the patriotic aspect.

At Dinner.
Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Kling entertained the Dr. Curtis family at dinner on Sunday.

In Rochelle.
Dr. and Mrs. H. A. Lazier and children were entertained in Rochelle on Sunday at the home of the former's brother, C. E. Lazier.

From Sterling.
Misses Iva Rapp and Ruth Giffrow and Messrs. John Schultz and Claud Brown of Sterling attended the theatre in Dixon last evening.

From Brookfield.
Walter Grundy of Brookfield, Ill., was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cheatle on Sunday.

Entertained.
Mrs. George Steel entertained at dinner at the Nachusa tavern Sunday a number of guests.

From DeKalb.
Miss Nellie Rourke of DeKalb was a week end guest at the W. J. Cahill home.

From Dayton.
Hugh Senneff arrived from Dayton, O., Saturday to visit his wife and parents. Mr. Senneff is in the employ of the government testing aeroplane engines.

O. H. Martin went to Chicago this morning.

Miss Vivian Graves is assisting at the Beehive.

BEST FED AND BEST CLOTHED ARMY IN WORLD

Better Cared for Than Any Soldier at Front.

HOW HE FARES "OVER THERE"

Clothing Supply Larger Than Most of the Soldiers Owned in Civil Life—Food Contains No Delicacies, but Is Plentiful and Substantial—Barracks and Huts Are Always Kept Warm—Rail President's Sun a Chauffeur.

(By a Californian With the American Forces in France.)

My Dear —:
You will note by the above that my address is changed. I am now a candidate. I am a candidate for a commission. It was very unexpected—particularly on my part. As near as I can figure out, it was decided to organize a training camp over here on the lines of those in the states and give the fellows who enlisted early or who were in the original army a chance. All the regiments over here were invited to send a certain quota and I was one of five from my regiment. We train three months, according to program, under more or less actual war conditions, and, if we pass at the end of that time, get shoulder straps. I only got here yesterday. I am a private entirely surrounded by military talent. A sort of an island. There is only one other private in the school.

There are men here who were in the training camps in the states and quit to get over here quick, men who chased Pancho Villa in Mexico, men who have been in the trenches and explored No Man's Land, and sergeants, top sergeants and sergeant-majors who have been in the regular army for years. But there is no one over thirty-two. I am closer to the front than I was before, by a good many miles—so close that it is beginning to look like businesslike.

I was talking to one of the fellows who was in the trenches this morning. They don't go into details, but say that it isn't so uncomfortable. They are firm in the belief that when the Americans start they will keep going. In the quiet sector they were in, they say, the principal aim of both sides seemed to be to keep the peace. A French sentry told one of them: "If you see a German, don't shoot; you'll only start trouble." "Hell," said the American, "that's what we're here for." The men live fairly comfortably in the dugouts, he said. In one that he was in there were three or four rooms, an electric light plant and even a piano.

Best-Clothed Army.

This camp is located at which I think was an old French armory. We are quartered in a sturdy stone building three stories high. No electric lights; but ventilation. It is very cold. Snow on the ground and in the morning ice, which doesn't always melt during the day. But it is invigorating. Which causes me to remark that the American army must be the best clothed in the field. This was impressed upon me particularly when I packed up. In the line of clothes here is what I was supposed to put into a ditty bag, a suitcase and on my back. Two suits olive drab, one overall suit, including denim hat, two campaign hats, three pairs leggings, overcoat, eight suits of underwear, ten pairs of socks, three blankets, half shelter and poncho, three pairs shoes, four woolen shirts, one pair knit gloves, one pair leather gloves, five towels, one sweater. This doesn't include ordnance incidentals and toilet articles. I turned in, before I left my company, a pair of hip rubber boots and a suit of fisherman's oilskins for rain and mud. Some of the fellows holler about the issue of clothes, but I never had as many in civil life.

The same applies to the eats. Although army fare lacks the delicacy and choice of a civilian feed, it is plentiful and substantial. The American soldier will fare better this winter than the average French person, military or otherwise. There are no "less" days in the American army. We actually eat meat on Mondays and Tuesdays and have all the bread we can go all the time, while the French are always content with meatless, potatoes, chocolate, candyless days. The usual army breakfast consists of bacon, potatoes, gravy, bread and coffee. The feature of the other meals frequently is stew—which is good when you're hungry—beans, etc., and there is usually a dessert. And take coal and wood, for instance. There always is a fire in American barracks and huts. At my last station they were laying in the winter supply for a base hospital. There was a pile as big as a European mountain and the peasants used to come from neighboring villages just to look at it. To the French, coal is issued, like bread, by card, and they tell me it takes trouble, time and pull to get a ton a month for a family. But the Frenchman is the true philosopher. He never worries. He blows on his hands, swings his arms, remarks "We shall be cold this winter," and dismisses the subject as an inevitable proposition and therefore no fit subject for thought or commiseration.

Mrs. Highe—"Are you going to get a divorce?"

Mrs. Lowe—"No, one must economize in war time."

My present station and its environs seem to be the center of a district devoted entirely to the dissemination of knowledge to Americans. In the neighborhood there are more captains, majors, lieutenant colonels and colonels than I have ever seen before. They, too, are going to school—learning war as it is now fought. Every officer, apparently, no matter what his rank, has got to learn before he starts here and has got to go to school. They have French instructors, as does this school—men fresh from the trenches, with all the latest wrinkles. I don't know whether they grab bayonets and make a howling dive over the theoretical top, but I am informed that is what we are going to do. Right now the school is devoting a lot of time to digging the aforesaid trenches. The trench plan of a famous battle is being reproduced, I am told.

I was a little skeptical about coming up here with my modest store of military knowledge, but my captain said he thought I would make good, and here I am. The United States needs all the talent it can get, he said, and declared that the roof was going to be the limit on the possibilities of advancement for men with the right stuff. I never was very ambitious, personally, and hadn't thought much about a commission personally. Anyhow, as an humble private such a possibility seemed as remote as Berlin. And yet here I am with a fighting chance for one. It sure is refutation for the intimation of hopelessness frequently expressed that a man in the ranks hasn't a chance.

Had to adjourn here to stand inspection of field equipment and attend a brief lecture by the major in charge of the school. It is dark now. The major announced that discipline would be as strict here as possible, that there would be required two hours of study each evening, that commissions were going to be granted over here only to the graduates of such schools as these except to men who displayed conspicuous bravery in battle. Also, he said, this was the pick of the army and undoubtedly the finest bunch of men in France. Whereupon I was duly gratified.

Complete Printing Plant.

I met Andy Berg, who used to work with me in San Francisco, a couple of days ago. He left the Coast before I did, visited his home and enlisted in Massachusetts. He is with what is called a topographical engineering company, which is going to set up a printing plant, from linotype machines to presses, for the printing of maps, orders, etc. Some stunt!

I was kind of sorry to leave the old bunch. The last one of the bunch I saw before leaving was Frank Calvin, son of the president of the Union Pacific. He is rated as a wagoner and is acting as chauffeur for a Major Williams, who used to be a construction engineer on his pa's railroad. His corporal used to be a section boss on the same line.

The distinction, by the way, of being the first drafted regiment across goes to a group of gentlemen of dark complexion from south of the Mason and Dixon line. They are togged out in the old army blues, with capes of purple lining. They are all dolled up like bull fighters and full of admiration for the country that clothed them so gorgeously. Two of them entertained a whole company in ragtime and clog dancing at a Y. M. C. A. but equipped with a piano the other night. A favorite question over here between soldiers is, "How many were on the boat you crossed on?" Sometimes the answer is not exaggerated. A negro I asked beat 'em all, though.

"Nobody knows," he said. "Why that's jes what the war department is trying to find out—how many niggers was on dat ship."

This is about the longest letter I've written since the war started. I owed you two and now we're even. Which is by way of saying that I have received your last two letters. Glad to know Pat is in New York. Give him my regards and tell him I'm bringing my own poker deck to New York when the war is finished. I'll close now to save the censor a grouch. Wouldn't blame him, at that. Have been feeling my way for the last page. Only one lamp. More promised. So long.

ROSS.

"OUR BOYS" DOING DUTY "OVER THERE"



American soldiers on duty near their cantonment "somewhere in France."

"And I am the only girl you ever loved?"

"Certainly, darling."

"Then why have you called me Ruth ten times this evening when my name is Ethel?"—Orange Peel.

SOME FACTS ABOUT CHIROPRACTIC

It is a FACT that Chiropractic adjustments will remove the cause of DISEASE.

It is a FACT that to do this the Chiropractor must KNOW FACTS about the human body.

It is a FACT that we took a course in THE PALMER SCHOOL OF CHIROPRACTIC AND GRADUATED.

It is a FACT that The Palmer School is the BEST school in the world teaching Chiropractic.

It is a FACT that The Palmer School gives a THREE YEAR Course of study.

It is a FACT that there is a Faculty of twelve persons, who give The Palmer School their UNDIVIDED time.

It is a FACT that their salaries total TWENTY THOUSAND and ONE HUNDRED dollars per year.

It is a FACT that The Palmer School osteological collection consists of over EIGHT THOUSAND specimens.

It is a FACT that The Palmer School osteological collection is valued at TWENTY-FOUR THOUSAND dollars.

It is a FACT that there are enrolled in The Palmer School SEVEN HUNDRED STUDENTS at the present time.

It is a FACT that The Palmer School maintains (daily except Sunday) the largest FREE and OPEN Clinic in the world.

It is a FACT that over a THOUSAND persons are adjusted there daily.

It is a FACT that patrons and students are there from all the civilized countries in the world.

It is a FACT that Chiropractic has done more good for the sick according to the number adjusted than any other system.

It is a FACT that every state in the Union has them likewise as well as most foreign countries.

It is a FACT that it does not make any difference if you believe in Chiropractic or not, it has come to STAY because it is RIGHT.

What is the ANSWER? If you are sick and not taking adjustments, that you are not keeping up with CHIROPRACTIC FACTS.

R. B. Saxmann D. C.
CHIROPRACTOR

Union State Bank Bldg.
Phone 1033

HOURS
10-12
2-5
7-8

MEN'S CLUB IS READY TO EAT TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

The reservations for the Men's club banquet at the Y. M. C. A. Tuesday, Feb. 19, at 6:15 p. m., indicate a large attendance. Since this affair takes the form of a farewell to the secretary, the attendance will not be limited, but will be open to any of the men of Dixon or the community who make reservations by Tuesday for more and clover, orchard; can noon. The program committee has arranged to use local talent on the toast list. Reservation of plates must be in by Tuesday noon at the latest, in order to permit the ladies who are serving the banquet to make proper provision.

FOR RENT. Nice modern room, with or without board. Call at 116 Monroe Ave. Phone X1187. 36 2*
FOR RENT. 125 acres 1-2 mile east of Dixon court house, 9-room brick house, 2 barns, milk house, windmill, silo, 5 acres of alfalfa (will give seed for more) and clover, orchard; can noon. The program committee has arranged to use local talent on the toast list. Reservation of plates must be in by Tuesday noon at the latest, in order to permit the ladies who are serving the banquet to make proper provision.

WANTED. A housekeeper. Apply to Walter L. Preston, telephone 78. 36 2

WANTED. Salesman capable of earning \$150 or more per month. Fine opportunity for man acquainted with Illinois trade to establish permanent and profitable business. Stetson Oil Company, Cleveland, Ohio. 36 2*

WANTED. 2 furnished rooms for light housekeeping. South side preferred. Address H. care THE TELEGRAPH. 36 2

LAST. At Family theatre Thursday evening, Feb. 14, umbrella marked J. W. P. Finder kindly telephone me where to call for it. J. P. Plummer. 36 2*

LOST. Between Beehive and Hildebrand stores a slipped light silk waist, size 40. Finder please leave at either store and receive reward. 36 2

FOR SALE. 2 bedroom suites, a 12-ft. dining table, hard coal burner and many other articles of household furniture, at 411 S. Galena Ave. Telephone K607. 36 4*

NEW AMBASSADOR HERE FROM JAPAN

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)
Washington, Feb. 18.—Vacant Kikufiso Ishii has been appointed ambassador for Japan to the United States and will soon reach Washington. He succeeds Ambassador Sato, who takes a place on the unassigned roll of diplomatic representatives in Tokio.

THREE SHOT IN RAID

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)
Hillsboro, Ill., Feb. 18.—Three men were shot in a raid on I. W. W. headquarters here last night. One of the wounded men is expected to die.

FRENCHMAN ARRESTED

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)
Paris, Feb. 18.—Charles Humbart, Senator from the Meuse and proprietor of the Journal, was arrested this morning.

DIXON EVENING TELEGRAPH

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Germany's Favorite Lie

If this war could have been won by lying, the allies would now be
beaten to their knees and America in chains, says Ralph Henry Barbour
of The Vigilantes. If the German general staff used arms and men half
as successfully as it uses its secret agents, the Avenue de l'Opera, Paris,
would today be Hindenburgstrasse. The German shells cannot reach
across the Atlantic, but the German lies can and do, and ever since the
war began German propaganda has been making breaches in our defenses.
The enemy suits the lie to the occasion.

We have endured all sorts. Some few have been captured and shot
at sunrise, but most are still at large, working mischief in their own
subtle, secret ways. They vary in importance, those lies. They run the
gamut from our old friends The-United-States-Has-No-Quarrel-With-Ger-
many down to the little sneaking Our-Boys-Starving-in-Cantonments. And
every lie has its day. There's a regular mode as to German propaganda,
and, looking back when the war is done, we shall discern that each season
of the struggle was represented by its own particular style in lies. But
there is one lie, the great-grandfather of them all, that has never, since its
first appearance, been off duty. It is the general staff's favorite.

I refer to that scarred but still indomitable old veteran, A-Wall-Street-
War. It is, perhaps, the most puerile of Germany's first-line lies, but cer-
tainly the hardest worked. It has never had a day off since it marched to
the front, and just now, it is especially prominent. Its duty is, of course,
to divide public opinion in this country and to foster dissension between
capital and labor, between employer and employed. And its every success,
no matter how slight, delays the prosecution of the war.

It never had a leg to stand on, but in some miraculous way it still
endures. A schoolboy could effectually dispose of it without any trouble,
but, perhaps merely because it is beneath contempt, it has been allowed
to go on its silly, sneaking way. A Wall street war! Yes, if Wall street
arranged the sinking of the Lusitania, caused the rape of Belgium and
wrote the Zimmerman letter. A war begun by Capital? Certainly, if you
will credit capital with being so unselfish as to renounce the rich profits
it was garnering.

Germany propagandists weep crocodile tears for the laboring man.
But the laboring man himself is far too busy to do any sniffing. Since
the war began he has been enthroned a practical dictator. He receives
wages that, in spite of increased cost of living, affecting rich and poor alike,
place him in a position of prosperity he scarcely dreamed of before. He
sees many of his most utopian visions, government ownership of railroads,
government control of public utilities and the like, made concrete as by
the wave of a magic wand. He knows that the influence of the war, on
the future of this and all other countries, will be all in his favor.

This war is neither a rich man's war nor a poor man's war, neither
a war of capital nor a war of labor. It is a war of the American people
for liberty and all the things they hold dear. And it is a war that is being
fought by rich and poor, capitalist and laborer side by side, and that will
continue to be so fought until it is ended in the only way it can be allowed
to end; and this in spite of German arms and German propaganda. And
in spite, too, of the old and battered, but still active, A-Wall-Street-War lie.
A joke's a joke, but really some one ought to put that out of its misery!

Keep Out All Disloyalists

Congressional elections next fall are beginning to attract wide atten-
tion. Republicans all over the country will seek to turn the democratic
majority in the house to a republican majority. It is a praiseworthy ambi-
tion. And it is an ambition that means patriotism in every sense of the
word. It means support of the nation's war program; it does not mean an
effort to hamper or hinder the administration, which already has the
strongest of support from the present republican minority; it means a
desire to put greater efficiency wherever possible into our war machinery.

It should be understood at the same time that this ambition to elect
additional republicans to congress is not one that will risk defeat of any
patriotic democratic member or candidate on a slim hope of success in
any three-cornered contest, where the loyalty of one of the three candi-
dates is in doubt or openly challenged. The republican policy must be
first and all the time a win-the-war policy. In districts that are domi-
nantly democratic pro-Germans posing as pacifists are likely to be nomi-
nated wherever German propaganda can secure their nomination. No risk
of letting any such disloyal candidate into office should be taken by republi-
cans in such a district. If it is possible to secure an understanding among
the loyalists of the two great parties, there should be a like deference to
republican candidates in strongly republican districts in which pacifists—
who can now be counted as nothing if not pro-Germans—are endeavoring
to secure a foothold.

This is the program of the League for National Unity. May it com-
mand the respect of the loyal people in every congressional district where
there is remotest opportunity for the slipping in of an end-the-war-now
candidate. The war must not be ended until it is ended right. Greatly as
republicans differ from democrats in economic policies, every member of
the next congress, whatever his views on the tariff or on kindred questions,
should be a war-till-victory American.

Pacifist candidates are a menace while the war lasts. And after the
war, if there are still such candidates, they will continue to be a menace,
standing for more unpreparedness and thus for an invitation to any grasp-
ing military power to make a new war on us.

The big need of the November election is victory for congressional
candidates who stand first and last for winning the war.

Henry Clews on the War

Henry Clews of New York has the following to say regarding the war:
While discussion of peace is more active than at any time since the
war began, the determination to push the struggle to the end was never
more resolute than now. The greatest obstacle to peace is probably the
attitude of Military Germany. This is something to which civilization can-
not and will not consent; so the war-weary Titans must continue their
wretched struggle until victory definitely decides which side is the strong-

est. Happily endurance, as well as reason, justice and liberty are on the
side of the Allies, whose unlimited resources and stoutheartedness will
eventually bring the war to a successful conclusion. As for peace propo-
sals, it is plain that at the moment both sides are as yet too wide apart
in their views to admit of a settlement. The desire for peace is unques-
tionably still running strong in Germany, but for the time being its voice
is silenced by the "mailed fist." Possibly later events may give opportunity
for a renewed outburst of demands for peace from German citizens; but
at the moment this is not feasible. Meanwhile spring is considerably fur-
ther advanced on the Western front than here, and the expected German
drive may begin at any time; the British drive last spring having started
considerably before this date. The Ukraine peace contract was an un-
pleasant development, and the threatened disintegration of Russia presents
some alarming possibilities, but, while it may encourage and help feed the
enemy, it will not prove a decisive factor.

Farming Efficiency

There is a tradition that the American farmer is less efficient than the
European farmer. We have been told so until a good many of us believe
it, in spite of our knowledge of the American farmer's superior intelligence
and adaptability. But some remarks made by President Wilson in his
recent message to the farmer's conference at Urbana tend to reverse this
view.

Belief in the superior efficiency of the European agriculturists is due
to the fact that they produce more to the acre. There is no question that
foreign farms are more intensively cultivated, and it is a natural enough con-
clusion that those who work them are better intensive farmers. But the
president suggests that that doesn't imply any real superiority.

He points out that the Europeans produce a big output to the acre
because they are obliged to. They have little land. It is not necessary
that our farmers should raise so much to the acre. And "it would, per-
haps, be bad economy for them to attempt it."

Be that as it may, our farmers "produce three or four times more to
the man, to the unit of labor and capital, than the farmers of any Euro-
pean country." And the reason, no doubt, is found in the statement that
"they are more alert and use more labor-saving devices than any other
farmers in the world."

What is farm "efficiency," anyhow? And what is the criterion? Is
it output to the acre, or output compared with the number of workers and
the amount of money invested?

Little Thrifters

Let us give up our luxuries and the Kaiser will have to give up his
ambitions. Buy War Savings Stamps.

"Might Is Right" is the Prussian slogan. Buy War Savings Stamps so
free America can show the Kaiser the might of a democracy.

Better give up your luxuries now than have your necessities taken
away from you later. Buy Thrift Stamps.

War Savings Stamps are the fuel that will keep the fires of victory
burning.

If our soldiers can give their lives to their country, surely we can lend
our money. Buy War Savings Stamps.

Take your two bits and do your bit. Buy Thrift Stamps.

War Savings Stamps mean patriotism plus profit.

What's wheatless day, a meatless day, a fireless day, when a liner goes
down and Americans drown by scores in the black water?

"Social dancing should express vigor," says a terpsichorean expert.
But where's the "tired business man" going to get the vigor?

ILLINOIS NEWS NOTES

Sterling—The high school has in-
augurated an "aintless week," dur-
ing which any stunting using the
word "aint" is subject to a "call
down" from fellow students.

Galesburg—Miss Llewellyn Zoll
left this week for Creskill where a
unit of Red Cross nurses is being
made up for immediate transfer to
France. This is Miss Zoll's second
trip to the battlefields, she having
first entered the foreign service in
1913, returning two years later.
She has been working at her profes-
sion awaiting the second call. Many
hardships were withstood by the
nurses in the first two years of the
war that have been somewhat re-
moved in general conditions now.

Esmond—LaVerne Barnes, son of
Fred Barnes, was struck by a freight
train and hurled to the side ditch.
One broken leg and several bad
bruises is the extent of injuries.

Aurora—The first meadow lark
was heard Monday morning at Penn-
sylvania avenue and Spruce street,
and was easily recognized by its
brown coat and familiar call.

Sycamore—John Ades came
home to spend the week end with
relatives and attend the military ball
given in DeKalb for Company H, and
was taken down with measles. His
barracks at Camp Grant had just
been released from quarantine last
week.

Maple Park—A carload of coal
was set out here on account of bad
order, and many wagon loads of fuel
were hauled from it by residents.
Every load thus appropriated was
carefully weighed and the record
kept so that payment may be made
to the owner.

Farmington—About fifty friends
of Ruth Wasson and Harry Barber
"surprised" them with a miscellane-
ous shower. Before the party had
proceeded many minutes a minister
stepped in and the couple "sur-
prised" their friends by being married
instantly.

DeKalb—The meat markets of
the city have adopted the cash and
carry system. It is shown by pub-
lished figures that a ten-cent pack-
age of hamburger will cost 17c when
charged and delivered.

Geneva—Gus Gunnerson, charged
with expressing his gratification over
the sinking of the Tuscania, was
given a grilling by Sheriff Richardson
that brought him begging to his
knees. He will be constantly watched
and must report to the sheriff once a
week and cannot leave town without
the sheriff's consent.

SCOTT MORRIS
SALE POSTPONED

The big sale which was to have
been held at the Scott Morris farm,
3 1/2 miles northwest of Franklin
Grove will be held next Wednesday,
Feb. 20. The bad condition of the
roads is the cause for the postpone-
ment. The sale, which will be a big
one, and will be largely attended.
It will be held Wednesday of next
week.

ABE MARTIN



We've often wondered whether a
knocker laid his work out before
comin' down town in th' mornin' or
just trusted t' luck. No matter how
low th' war lasts ther'll never have
t' be a sorghum dictator as far as we
are concerned.

CITY IN BRIEF

Miss Mary Hussey of Franklin
Grove was a visitor in Dixon Sunday
evening.

John Prestin of Sterling visited in
Dixon yesterday.

Frank Greenawalt, an old Dixon
boy, who now lives in Philadelphia
and is engaged in government work,
was here Saturday and Sunday look-
ing up old acquaintances.

Mrs. John Stanley of route 4 was
in Dixon Saturday.

H. E. Schick of route 3 was here
today.

Jos. Bieschke was here today from
route 4.

County Superintendent L. W. Mil-
ler transacted official business in Lee
today.

Frank Vaughan of Amboy was in
Dixon Saturday.

MILK FOR GERMANY
Amsterdam, Feb. 18.—Holland is
still sending 33,000 quarts of milk
daily to Germany for butter making,
according to official figures published
here.

RESIGNED POSITION
Frank Fitzsimmons, has resigned
his position with the Wholesale To-
bacco Co.

OBJECT TO THE EXAMS

(Continued from Page 1)

that all cases classed in the agricul-
tural and industrial class must pass
through the hands of the district
board for final classification before
the registrant is permitted to have an
examination. During the past few
days complaint has been made to the
district board by representative men
of the county in which the act is al-
leged to have been committed, the in-
formants stating that in the cases in
which they are interested the selec-
tive board has informed the regis-
trant that the district board has acted
upon the case and placed them in
class 1, and that they are therefore
subject to call. The registrant has
not received the necessary card or no-
tice of the fact and therefore several
of them came to ask for a deferred
classification from the district board,
only to learn that their questionnaire
is not in the hands of the district
board and that it had never been
acted upon by that body. The district
board will not take the initiative in
this matter but the men interested
have taken exception and may ask
court action.

Dixon Note—Attorney Henry Dix-
on, Chairman of the Lee County Local
Board, stated this morning that
he supposed the foregoing article re-
ferred to the Lee County board, for
they were giving a physical examina-
tion to all men that had been placed
in Class One by them, including cases
where appeals were pending before
the district board, but that the state-
ment "that they had told men their
cases had been acted upon in Free-
port when they had not were false.
Men seeking deferred classification
on agricultural grounds have been
told they need not appeal, because
their cases automatically go before
the Freeport board, and such men
have invariably been told that if they
were unmarried and without depend-
ents they had been put in Class One
by the local board because the Local
Board has no jurisdiction over agri-
cultural claims, but that they would
get their classification on those
grounds from the district board at
Freeport.

Examination Legal.

Regarding the holding of physical
examinations before the district
board passes on cases, Chairman Dix-
on said that the law gave them the
right to go ahead with these examina-
tions, and that they intend to con-
tinue. He said that the physical ex-
aminations did not hurt anyone, and
that there was no reason why they
should not be held at once, since it
facilitated the work of the board.

The Freeport paper goes on to say
regarding cases acted upon there re-
cently:

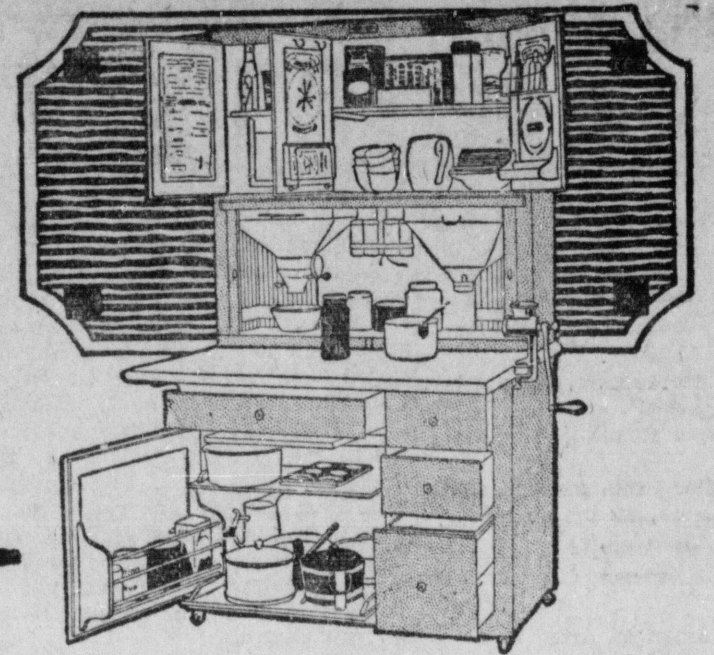
A certain farmer from Ogle county
who was before the board stated that
he was in a "poor way." When ques-
tions were asked of him it was learn-
ed that he is the owner of 1400 acres
of land, that he has 24,000 bushels of
oats in his granaries but is holding it
for a higher price. Oats is now selling
for 90 cents per bushel but this far-
mer is holding it until the price has
reached \$1. Then he intends to un-
load. He recently sold three cars of
steers and two cars of hogs, also say-
ing that he had other livestock on the
farm. To top it all off, the fellow re-
marked that during the threshing
season he individually operated a
threshing outfit among the people of
his community, and raked in more
money.

A trainmaster of the C. & N. W.

forced to take care of twice as much
trackage as in the past and in other
lines it would be necessary to double
up.

A young man who was married on
June 12, last, presented a question-
naire and claimed that he had intend-
ed to be married on May 18, but the
parents of the young lady objected to
the match, therefore it was postponed
until he had obtained the consent
of the parents and it took less than
one month to get the required con-
sent. It is needless to say that the
board did not give him a deferred
classification on those grounds.

A tenant on the farm of Governor
Lowden in Ogle county asked defer-
red classification. He selective board
recommended that the man be tak-
en on. On the back of the questionnaire
the board of Ogle county stated that
it was not a bona fide claim and that
work Governor Lowden would not miss the
claim; that the section men would be
placed in Class 1.



KITCHEN PATRIOTISM

IT MEANS to save time, steps and work as
well as food. And if you are anxious to do
so; you should arrange your kitchen as more
than a million other women have done by in-
stalling the Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet.

This is an actual labor-saving machine—not
merely a place for storage. It has 40 labor-sav-
ing features. Its scientific arrangement re-
sults from thousands of experiments. The most
used articles are nearest at hand. You sit in-
stead of stand—you reach instead of walk.

The Hoosier makes play of kitchen tasks.

HOOSIER
KITCHEN CABINET

Hoosier prices range from \$14.75 to \$46.75
and you can pay as convenient. Your money
all back if you are not delighted.

KEYES AHRENS OGDEN CO.

Furnish Your Home Cellar to Attic

Phone 161

Certain-teed Roofing

The most efficient roof

for factories, warehouses, office buildings,
hotels, stores, garages, barns, out-buildings,
etc. Made in single form for residences.

Certain-teed is weather-proof, clean, sanitary and fire-
retarding. It is not affected by fumes or gases, and does
not rust or corrode. Neither does it melt under the hot
sun. Because it is lighter than other types of roofs, it
requires less to support it.

Certain-teed is economical. Its first cost is low. It is in-
expensive to lay, and it costs practically nothing to maintain.
Guaranteed 5, 10 or 15 years, according to thickness.

There are many roll roofings, but there is only one Certain-
teed. Remember the name by its meaning—**Certainty** of
quality and **Guaranteed** satisfaction.

For sale by best dealers, everywhere.

Certain-teed Products Corporation
Manufacturers of
Certain-teed Roofing—Paints—Varnishes
Offices and Warehouses in Principal Cities in America.

SOLD BY

Dixon Lumber & Fuel Co.

411 West First St.—Phone 57

GERMANS BOMB U. S. HOSPITAL

Airmen Fail to Hit Structure and No Casualties Are Reported.

YANKEES ESCAPE FOE'S TRAP

Patrol Cut Off by Charged Wires After Having Passed First Line of Entanglements.

With the American Army in France, Feb. 18.—A field hospital in a town within the American line was the target of a German airplane which flew over Friday night and dropped several unusually heavy bombs.

The hospital was not struck and there were no casualties.

The hospital, in which were a number of sick and wounded officers and men, was the building nearest the places where the German airmen dropped two different sets of bombs.

The hospital patients and the residents of the town were severely shaken by the explosions. American anti-aircraft guns engaged the enemy, but without success.

The hospital probably will be moved to a less dangerous spot.

Men Talk of Spies.

Places where the Germans have been tapping the American telephone lines at the front have been discovered and steps have been taken to prevent these occurrences happening again. Insulation has been found scraped off wires at a certain number of places where the enemy has been listening in.

One enemy wire actually was found attached to an American wire and running across No Man's Land. Just how this was accomplished it is not permitted to disclose, although among the men there is talk of "spy hunts."

Talked to German.

This tapping of wires at times caused considerable temporary inconvenience, fictitious names being used over the telephone lines for places and offices.

American wires frequently have been connected in some way with those of the enemy, and on one occasion an American officer is said to have talked to a German in a listening post when he started to use the telephone. The German made a few terse remarks and then the connection was broken.

U. S. Patrol Escapes Trap.

With the American Army in France, Feb. 18.—An American patrol, having passed the first line of German entanglements and approached the second line last night, was suddenly cut off by a current of electricity along the first wire line. Instead of attempting an immediate return to their trenches, which would have meant certain death from electricity or machine gun fire, the Americans clung close to the earth, and later, when the electricity was cut off, returned in safety to their positions.

RAIDERS HURT 4 IN LONDON

Only One of Six German Airplanes Reach Capital.

London, Feb. 18.—Only one of the six German airplanes which made an attack on London succeeded in reaching the capital. It is announced officially. This raider dropped one bomb in the southwest district, which caused four casualties.

An aerial raid on Dover was repelled by British pilots, who engaged the Germans over the Kent coast. One large raider is reported to have crashed into the sea.

With the advent of the new moon, the raid was not unexpected in London. Police whistles warned the people, and, except for stray omnibuses and automobiles here and there, the streets throughout the city were nearly deserted. Everybody had taken cover when a barrage in the outer defenses was started. Less gunfire was heard in the metropolitan district than on previous raids, but in the distance it was quite heavy.

AMERICAN FREED BY GERMANS

New Yorker, Who Aided British, Released After Long Imprisonment.

The Hague, Feb. 18.—Lieut. Henry Grayson Martin of 291 North Fifth avenue, New York, has arrived here with the latest party of British officers released from German bondage to enjoy the hospitality of Holland. As a civilian he volunteered with the British army August 5, 1914, and joined the intelligence corps. He was appointed to the staff in France and was captured by the Germans near Ypres October 15 of that year. Since then he has been in 11 German prison camps.

4 MORE TUSCANIA VICTIMS

Soldiers From Wisconsin and Michigan Lost on Transport.

Washington, Feb. 18.—A list of 27 of the known Tuscania dead made public contained four names not previously reported in the list of American soldiers buried on the Scottish coast. They were:

Chauncey J. Davidson, Anaconda, Mont.; Thomas A. Llewellyn, Scotland, Pa.; Clifford Norris, New London, Wis.; Leight A. Wright, Hillsdale, Mich.

Send \$3.00 for a year's subscription to The Evening Telegraph by mail. This is less than 1 cent a day. It contains all the important news of the world. Send for sample copy that you may see just what kind of a paper we publish.

GOVERNOR CORRECTS FALSE IMPRESSIONS

(Continued from page 1)

"But most of the economists I have read predict a very serious business depression when our troops are released from the trenches and come back home, with the cessation of all these multimillion activities which have come as a result of the war. Many men will be thrown out of employment as a result; building material will be vastly cheaper. You will, therefore, not only build the roads much cheaper than you would now, but you would also help to hold things steady by furnishing much needed employment to labor that otherwise would be idle.

"The time for public improvements is always when there is a business depression. Now, isn't it the part of wisdom, isn't it the part of statesman ship for us to be anticipating those times? We don't have to negotiate a sing bond if the bond market is not right. We don't have to begin to build a single mile of road until labor and material conditions will warrant; but isn't it the part of wisdom now to think how we are going to bridge over that period of depression after the war? And how can we prepare so well against that day as by getting ready, when the end of the war comes, to go on with these public improvements?

"I am willing to go upon record as saying that if the good roads bond is approved by the people next fall, I shall not attempt to market the bonds nor to begin this great work until the close of the war.

"I wish to say, however, that I would consider it a calamity if this bond issue should fail to receive the approval of the voters next November. In my judgment, the legislature has placed before the people an exceptionally well balanced system of state highways together with wise and adequate provision for issuing the bonds and constructing the roads. If we fail to approve of their action I believe it will be many years before we will again have the opportunity of securing such a system of highways on such advantageous terms, if at all.

"I, therefore, urge your organization to carry your campaign of information into every county and township of the state, and I pledge to you my hearty support. I think that in your campaign particular emphasis should be placed upon the fact that the entire cost of this system of roads will be paid from automobile license fees without calling for a dollar of direct taxation upon the lands or any other property outside of motor vehicles."

INFANTRY FIGHTING IN WEST

Engagements on Front Where U. S. Gunners Aided French.

Berlin, Feb. 18.—Small infantry engagements developed near Cherisy and south of Marcoing, on the Arras front in France, the German war office announced. A number of prisoners were taken by the Germans. Fighting is also reported near Tahure.

(It was in the Tahure sector that American artillerymen assisted in a recent French attack.)

Paris, Feb. 18.—The official statement issued by the French war office said:

"The night was marked by somewhat greater activity of the artillery of each side in the region of Chavignon, east of Reims, and in the Champagne. A German raid at a point east of Auberville was without result. The night was calm on the rest of the front."

London, Feb. 18.—Field Marshal Haig, in his report to the British war office, said:

"A few prisoners were brought in by our patrols during the night northeast of Hargicourt.

"Except for hostile artillery activity in the neighborhood of Passchendaele there is nothing of special interest to report."

Lawyers, do you need letter heads, bill heads or envelopes? We have them. B. F. Shaw Printing Co.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION ABOUT INCOME TAX

(Prepared by Harvey C. Whetzel
Income Tax Inspector, Court House)

Warning.

The attention of all is called to that part of section 28 of the Act of October 3rd, 1917, which reads as follows: "That all persons, corporations, partnerships, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, trustees acting in any trust capacity, executors, administrators, receivers, conservators, and employers, making payment to another person, corporation, partnership, association, or insurance company, of interest, rent, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensation, remuneration, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable gains, profits, and income (other than payments described in sections 26 and 27) of \$800 or more in any taxable year, or, in the case of such payments made by the United States, the officers or employees of the United States having information as to such payments and required to make returns in regard thereto by the regulations hereinafter provided for, are hereby authorized and required to render a true and accurate return to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under such rules and regulations and in such form and manner as may be prescribed by him, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, setting forth the amount of such gains, profits, and income, and the name and address of the recipient of such payment."

The government will know whether or not you have made your income tax return, and will have no alternative but to impose the following penalties upon those who are delinquent:

Penalties.

For making false or fraudulent return, not exceeding \$2000 or not exceeding one year's imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the court, and in addition 100 per cent of the tax evaded.

For failure to make return on time not less than \$20 nor more than \$1000, and, in addition, 50 per cent of the amount of tax due.

For failure to pay tax when due 5 per cent of the amount unpaid plus 1 per cent interest for each full month during which it remains unpaid.

Income Tax Officers have been sent out through the district, and stationed at banks and public buildings to serve you, Mr. Taxpayer.

Don't wait for the eleventh hour rush, it may mean your paying a penalty.

Make your return now, pay your tax and save yourself the discount.

WILSON ENDS BIG STRIKE AT SHIPYARD

Head of Carpenters' Union Orders Men Back to Work at Once.

(Continued from Page 1)

work today and wired union officials in Baltimore and other places that he wanted the wish of the president of the United States complied with immediately.

Mr. Hutcheson refused to make any comment. T. L. Guerin, executive committee man, said he was entirely confident that the great majority of the strikers would be back at work by noon and that the strike would be entirely at an end by nightfall.

This decision followed a direct appeal from the president to Mr. Hutcheson, in which the president said the action of the strike leaders in refusing to order the men back laid their patriotism open to some question.

Wilson Sends Ultimatum.

Washington, Feb. 18.—President Wilson has telegraphed William L. Hutcheson, general president of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, that he can see nothing to be gained by conferring with him personally about the strike of shipyard carpenters until he has accepted and acted upon the principle that in the present circumstances of the nation no body of men has the right to strike until every method of adjustment has been tried to the limit.

"Giving Aid to the Enemy."

"If you do not act upon this principle," said the president's message, "you are undoubtedly giving aid and comfort to the enemy, whatever may be your conscious purpose."

The president's message was sent in reply to one received from Hutcheson saying he had been unable to reach an understanding with officials of the shipping board, but felt that if given an opportunity to lay the matter before the president a solution could be arrived at quickly. It was made public as follows:

"William L. Hutcheson.

"General president United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America.

"New York.

"I have received your telegram of yesterday and am very glad to note the expression of your desire as a patriotic citizen to assist in carrying on the work by which we are trying to save America and men everywhere who work and are free.

"A Painful Contrast."

"Taking advantage of that assurance, I feel it to be my duty to call your attention to the fact that the strike of the carpenters in the shipyards is in marked and painful contrast to the action of labor in other trades and places. Ships are absolutely necessary for the winning of this war. No one can strike a deadlier blow at the safety of the nation and of its forces on the other side than by interfering with or obstructing the shipbuilding program.

"All the other unions engaged in this indispensable work have agreed to abide by the decision of the shipbuilding wage adjustment board. That board has dealt fairly and liberally with all who have resorted to it. I must say to you very frankly that it is your duty to leave to it the solution of your present difficulties with your employers and to advise the men whom you represent to return to work at once pending the decision.

No Moral Right to Strike.

"No body of men has the moral right in the present circumstances of the nation to strike until every method of adjustment has been tried to the limit. If you do not act upon this principle you are undoubtedly giving aid and comfort to the enemy, whatever may be your own conscious purpose.

"I do not see that anything will be gained by my seeing you personally, until you have accepted and acted upon that principle. It is the duty of the government to see that the best possible conditions of labor are maintained, as it is also its duty to see to it that there is no lawless and conscienceless profiteering and that duty the government has accepted and will perform.

"Will you co-operate or will you obstruct? (Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

Former M. P. Gets 6 Months' Sentence. London, Feb. 18.—Arnold Lupton, former member of parliament, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for "distribution of prohibited leaflets."

MOTHERS, LISTEN!

When work exhausts your strength, when your nerves are irritable and restless, when ambition lags and you feel rundown, you need and need quickly the rich, creamy, nourishing food in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

to check your wasting powers, enliven your blood and build up your nerve force. SCOTT'S is helping thousands and will give you the strength you need.

Scott & Borne, Bloomfield, N. J. 17-35

DION VICTORIOUS IN CLOSE CLINTON GAME

Clinton Basket Ball Fans Give Interesting Exhibition

SCORE WAS 24 TO 22

The Dixon Y. M. C. A. basketball team nosed out a close victory over the Clinton Y in the latter's gym Saturday night by the score of 22 to 22. From the start to finish the crowd was on its feet due to the closeness of the game and the brilliant team work used by both of the combatant teams. At the first blow of the whistle the Dixon team was on its way to victory and it took the locals but a short time to get used to the strange floor. Battling like demons for the ball and stonewall in their defense they stopped the rushes of the Clinton aggregation. On the other hand the Clinton team was not asleep and showed they were good basketball players by slowly but surely forging ahead of the Dixon tossers until at the end of the first half they lead, 18 to 13. Returning in the second half the visitors began with the old time fight and the score became more even, remaining in favor of Clinton until in the last three minutes of play when the invaders nosed out a couple of hard earned baskets and came out of the encounter with two points in their favor. Glessner and Kelly, the Dixon forwards, kept the crowd yelling with their floor work and good team work while working with them in perfect team work was Major, the giant center for the locals. Back in the Clinton garden were the Dixon guards forming the last line of trenches and after many futile attempts the Clinton team failed to make this defense. A return game with Clinton has been scheduled for Wednesday evening, Feb. 27. The lineups follow:

Dixon	Clinton
Glessner	f
Kelley	f
Vaughn, Major	c
Whitcombe	g
Fitzsimmons	
Vaughn	g
Point getters, baskets: Glessner 5; Kelley 3; Vaughn 1; Major 1; Clark 3; McCulloch 3; Lewis 3; Allen 1; Mann 1.	
Free throws: Glessner 4 out of 4.	
Timekeeper, La.e	
Referee, Hukle.	

BOLSHEVIKI RIOT IN CHICAGO

Mob of 4,000 Trotsky Disciples Subdued by Police.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Chicago had its first experience yesterday with a bolshevik audience. It took 15 active policemen to make a mob of 4,000 excited followers of the Trotsky principles understand that Ogden and Kedzie avenues do not form a public square in Petrograd. The policemen had responded to a riot call when the doors of the Douglas Park Auditorium were thrown open at a mass meeting promptly at two o'clock. Members of the Russian mission to the United States were to speak in behalf of stricken Russia. They are seeking funds and clothing and material to re-establish the industries of their country. So eager were the people to get inside the hall that the doors were torn from their hinges and many were cut by falling glass.

American Soldier Loses Eye.

Vincennes, Ind., Feb. 18.—Private Hoyt Decker, taken prisoner by the Germans in a trench raid last November, in the first letter to his parents here since his capture, said his left eye was shot out.

Freel Wade of route two was here today.

Raymond McGowan, who was called here by the death of his father, returned to Boston Sunday.

NOTICE.

Become a member of the Investors Protective Association of America. For further information write them for literature. N. L. Amster, Pres., Equitable Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Steel Fiber Niks Suits for Boys

are important factors in the conservation of wool.



It is good business to spend one dollar to save two

—and it is equally sensible to use a little extra wool to save a lot of it

—you do both when you buy your boy a

STEEL FIBER NIKS SUIT

"MOTHER'S CHOICE"

A little extra wool interwoven into the seat and knees of a boys knickers by the Niks patent process actually gives more wear resistance than two pairs of the ordinary kind.

The saving of enough wool to make one pair of knickers for every boy in America would clothe an army.

And in this instance your patriotic motives will be rewarded in money as well as in satisfaction.

If your boy is hard on his clothes, don't scold him for it. Steel Fiber Niks Suits will stand the strain.

Boydton-Richards Co
"THE STANDARDIZED STORE"

LEE CENTER TOWNSHIP HAS 100 PER CENTERS

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Harry Beisecker, Joe Gascoin, W. G. Lawrence, James Riley, John Ulrich, P. L. Berry, S. L. Shaw, Wm. Lindermeier, E. J. Gray, L. A. Bedient, C. H. Henschel, Mrs. Oakes, John W. Baker, Miss Fern Ackerman, Miss Dorothy Barnett, Mrs. M. L. Briggs, Wm. S. Frost, Jr., Miss Clara Erbes, Mrs. Eugene Gale.

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District 93, Inlet
Mrs. Joe Gray, Wm. Callahan.
District 95, Ford
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District 97, Wedlock
A. B. McCrea, F. E. Biggart, J. F. Bernardin, K. C. Miller, Fred Dale, Grant Edwards, Corneallion Clark, George Montavon.

District 99, Black
Joseph Auchstetter, David Burkhardt, Joe Gallisath, Jule Weiser, Susie McIntyre.

GENERAL PERSHING ALL THRU TRENCHES

AMERICAN COMMANDER, IN HELMET AND GAS TANK, VISITS THE BATTLE LINES.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)
With the American Army in France, Sunday, Feb. 17.—General Pershing has completed a two days' inspection of the American sector of the northwest of Toul. In a "tin hat" with a gas mask swung over his chest at an alert position, the American commander in chief walked through all the first line trenches, splashing through the mud and slipping on the ice. He dropped down into the dugouts and visited batteries busy hurling "iron rations" at the enemy.

In all places the General asked innumerable questions, especially of the men with regard to the food, how they were and how they like conditions. All except one cook agreed that they were satisfied with everything.

LEAVES FOR TEXAS
E. J. Morrissey, who recently enlisted in the aviation corps at Detroit and who was home for an over-Sunday visit with his parents in Marlon township, was in Dixon today enroute to his new camp in Texas.

Bring In Your Car Now

You have undoubtedly been thinking of having it looked over, and the necessary repairs made in the near future.

Do it now, before the Spring Rush; and then you will have your car to use when the roads are good and you want to use it.

Firstclass Work Guaranteed

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Dixon, Ill.

The IDYL of TWIN FIRES

WALTER PRICHARD EATON

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—I grow tired of my work as a college instructor and buy a New England farm on sight.

CHAPTER II—I inspect my farm and go to board at Bert Temple's. Bert helps me to hire a carpenter and a farmer.

CHAPTER III—Hard Cider, the carpenter, estimates the repairs and charges necessary on the house. Mike commences plowing. I start to prune the orchard trees.

CHAPTER IV—Hard Cider builds bookcases around the twin fireplaces. Mrs. Temple hires Mrs. Pillig for me as a housekeeper.

CHAPTER V—Stella Goodwin, a New York girl, comes as a boarder to the Temple's. I try to avoid her, but meet her in the pines at twilight and together we listen to the singing of the hermit thrush. I show her the twin fireplaces.

CHAPTER VI—Stella helps me with the flower garden around the house. We build a Roman arch for a rose trellis.

CHAPTER VII—We pick the paint for the rooms in the house, but Stella becomes angry at me when I leave her alone to select part of it. I build a sundial on the lawn.

CHAPTER IX.

Acteon and Diana.

Memorial day dawned fair and warm. Bert and his wife and all their "help" went off to the village after breakfast. There were no painters in my house, and Mike had milked the cows and gone home before I arrived. Miss Goodwin and I seemed to have that little section of Benford quite to ourselves, after the last of the carryalls had rattled past, taking the veterans from Slab City to the town. Having no flag yet of my own, I borrowed one from Bert, and we hung it from a second-story window, facing the road, as our tiny contribution to the sentiment of the day. Then we tackled the rose trellis, speedily completing it, for only two arches remained to be built, one of the carpenters having built three for me the day before, while waiting for some shingles to come for the barn. Indeed, we had it done by ten o'clock.

"Now what?" said she.
I looked about the garden. The roses had not yet come, so we couldn't very well plant them. I judged that the morning of a warm, sunny day was no time to transplant seedlings. The painting was not yet completed inside, so I could fix up no more of my rooms. The vegetable garden didn't appear to need cultivation. We couldn't paint the trellis, as there was no green paint.

"Good gracious!" I exclaimed, "this is the first time I've been at a loss for something to do. It's a terrible sensation."

"Couldn't we build a bird bath?" she suggested.

"Madam," said I, "you are a genius!"

"At the brook?" she added.

"No, not the brook. I've a better idea," said I. "My plan is to put the bird bath on the east edge of the lawn, halfway between the house and the rose aqueduct, corresponding to the sundial in the center, and to a white bench which will be placed at the west side when the grape arbor is built."

"Approved," laughed Miss Goodwin. We measured off the spot, and I mixed a lot of cement, laid it over thick, set the bottomless box frame down upon it, and built up the four sides. As the girl had no gloves, I would not allow her to handle the cement (for nothing cracks the skin



Yes, I Confess It—I Wrote a Sonnet.

so badly, as I had discovered in my orchard work). But she kept busy mixing with the hoe, and handling me bricks. Some I broke and put in endwise, and some I was careful to give all as irregular a setting as possible, till the top was reached. Then, of course, I laid an even line of the best bricks all the way around, and leveled them carefully. We had scarcely got the last brick on when we heard Bert's carryall rattle over the bridge and Bert's voice yell: "Dinner!"

"Oh, dear! That cement in the box will harden!" I cried. "Dump it all in." Then, mixing more cement I laid

a square bowl, as it were, two inches deep, on the top of the little brick pile. We let it settle a few moments, and then carefully broke away the box. There stood the bird bath.

"Can we put water in it yet?" the girl asked.

"Surely," said I. "Cement will harden under water. And we'll plant climbing nasturtiums around it, too."

We passed through the house. The kitchen, dining room, and hall were finished and the paint drying. They looked very fresh and bright. The

south room, as we stepped into it, was flooded with sunlight and cheerful with rugs and books. Flinging wide the glass door, we stepped out upon the terrace of the pergola-to-be, and looked toward the new bird bath. Upon its rim sat a song sparrow! Even as we watched, another came and fluttered his feet and breast daintily through the trembling little mirror of water. Then came a robin and drove them both away.

"The pig!" laughed Miss Goodwin. "Do you know, I've got a poorer opinion of robins since I came here. We city dwellers think of robins as harbingers of spring, and all that, and they epitomize the bird world. But when you really are in that world, you find they are rather large and vulgar—and sort of upper West side-y. They aren't half so nice as the song sparrows, or the Peabodys, and, of course, compared with the thrushes—well, it's like comparing Owen Meredith with Keats, isn't it?"

"Don't be too hard on the robins," I smiled.

We looked our fill at the new bird bath, which was already functioning, as she said her boss on the dictionary would put it, and at the white sundial pillar, and at our prospective aqueduct of roses, and at the farm and the far hills beyond—and then she suddenly announced with great energy that she was going to saw wood.

"You may say just one piece," said I, "and then you are going to take a book and rest. I'm going to work, myself. Twin Fires is getting in shape fast enough now so I can give up part of the daytime to the purely mundane task of paying the bills."

I wheeled up a big dead apple branch from the orchard to the wood shed, put it on the back, gave her the buck-saw, and watched her first efforts, grinning.

"Go away," she laughed. "You bother me."

So I went, opened the west window by my desk to the wandering summer breeze, and went at my toil. Presently I heard her tiptoeing into the room.

"Done?" said I.

She nodded. "Now I want—let's see what I want—well, I guess 'Marius the Epicurean' and 'Alice in Wonderland' will do. I'm going to sit in the orchard. You work here till five or your salary will be docked. Good-by."

I heard her go out by the front door, and then silence settled over the sunlit, cheerful room, while I plugged away at my tasks. I don't know how long I worked, but finally my attention began to wander. I wondered if she were still in the orchard. I looked out upon the sweet stretches of my farm, with the golden light of afternoon upon it, and work became a burden. "Shall I ever be able to work, except at night, or on rainy days?" I wondered with a smile, as I tossed the manuscript I was reading into a drawer, and went out through the front entrance.

The girl was nowhere to be seen. "She's probably in her beloved pines," I reflected. "It would be a good time to clean out a path in the pines." I turned back to get a hatchet, and then went down toward the brook.

I trod as noiselessly as I could through the maples, thinking to surprise her at her reading, and took care in the pines not to step on any dead twigs. She was nowhere to be seen near the upper end of the grove, but as I advanced I heard a splashing louder than the soft ripple of the brook, and suddenly around a thick tree at a bend in the stream, where the brook ran out toward the tamarack swamp in the corner of my farm, I came upon her. She had her shoes and stockings off, and with her skirts held high she was wading with solemn, quiet delight in a little pool. Her back was toward me. I could have discreetly retreated, and she been none the wiser. But, alas! Acteon was neither the first nor the last of his sex. The water rippled so coolly around her white ankles! The sunlight dappled down so charmingly upon her chestnut hair! And I said, with a laugh, "So that is why you wanted me to work until five o'clock!"

She turned with a little exclamation, the color flaming to her cheeks. Then she, too, laughed, as she stood in the brook, holding her skirts above the water.

"Consider yourself turned to a stag," she said.

"All right," I answered, "but don't stay in that cold water too long."

"If I do it will be your fault," she smiled, with a sidelong glance. Then she turned and began wading tentatively downstream. But the brook deepened suddenly, and she sank almost to her knees, catching her skirts up just in time. I withdrew hastily, and called back to her to come out. When I heard her on the bank, I brought her a big handkerchief.

"Withdrew once more."

for a towel, and, sore, telling her to hurry and help me plan the path through the pines. In a moment or two she was by my side. We looked at each other. Her face was still flushed, but her eyes were merry. We were standing on almost the exact spot where we had first met. But now there seemed in some subtle wise a new bond of intimacy between us, a bond that had not existed before this hour. I could not analyze it, but I felt it, and I knew she felt it. But what she said was:

"I told you to work till five o'clock."

"It's half-past four," I answered. "Besides, you must have sent for me. Something suddenly prompted me to come out and hunt you up, at any rate."

"To say I sent for you is rather—rather forward, under the circumstances, don't you think?"

"It might be—and it might not be," I answered. "Did you have a good time?"

"The best I ever had—till you spoiled it," she exclaimed. "Oh, the nice, cold brook! Now, let's build the path you spoke about once."

We went back to the maples, where the ground was open, and selected a spot on the edge of the pines where the path would most naturally enter. Then we let it wind along by the brook. When we reached the hayfield wall beside the house it was nearly six o'clock.

"Now, let's just walk back through



"That's Why You Wanted Me to Work Until Five O'Clock!"

it!" she cried. "Tomorrow we can bring the wheelbarrow, can't we, and pick up the litter we've made?"

"I can, at any rate, while you wade," said I.

She shot a little look up into my face. "I guess I'll help," she smiled.

In the low afternoon light we turned about and retraced our steps. There was but a fringe of pines along the southern wall, and as they were forty-year-old trees here the view both back to the house and over the wall into the next pasture was airy and open. Then the path led through a corner of the tamarack swamp where in wet weather I should have to put down some planks, and where the cattails grew breast high on either side. Then it entered the thick pine grove where a great many of the trees were evidently not more than fifteen or twenty years old and grew very close. The sunlight was shut out, save for daggers of blue between the trunks toward the west. The air seemed hushed, as if twilight were already brooding here. The little brook rippled softly.

As we came to the first crossing, I pointed to the pool, already dark with shadow, and said: "It was wrong of me to play Acteon to you, Diana, but I am not ashamed nor sorry. You were very charming in the dappled light, and you were doing a natural thing, and in among these little pines, perhaps, two friends may be two friends, though they are man and woman."

She did not reply at once, but stood beside me looking at the dark pool and apparently listening to the whisper of the running water against the stepping-stones. Finally she said with a little laugh, "I have always thought that perhaps Diana was unduly severe. Come, we must be moving on."

Once more we entered the pines, following the new path over the brook again to the spot where we first had met. There I touched her hand. "Let us wait for the thrush here," I whispered.

I could see her glimmering face lifted to mine. "Why here?" she asked. "Because it was here we first heard him."

"Oh, forgive me," she answered. "I didn't realize! The path has made it look different, I guess. Forgive me."

She spoke very low, and her voice to me? A sudden pang went through my heart—and then a sudden hot wave of joy—and then sudden doubts. I was silent. So was the thrush. Presently I touched her hand again, gently.

"Come," said I. "We have scented him with our chopping. He will come back, though, and then we will walk down the clean path, making no noise, and hear him sing."

"Nice path," she said, "to come out of your door, through your orchard, and wander up a path by a brook, through your own pines! Oh, fortunate mortal!"

"And find Diana wading in a pool," I added.

Again she shot an odd, questioning look at me, and shook her head. Then she ran into the south room and put the books back on the shelves.

"Which one did you read, Marius or Alice?" I asked.

"Neither," she smiled, as I looked the house behind us.

CHAPTER X.

Advent of the Pilligs.
The next day it was raining. I set off alone to make ready for the arrival of the Pilligs. I was standing on my kitchen porch talking to Mike when they arrived. It was a memorable moment. I heard the sound of wheels, and looked up. A wagon was approaching, driven by an old man. Beside him, beneath a cotton umbrella, sat a thin woman in black, with gray hair and a worried look. Behind them, on a battered trunk, sat Peter, who was not thin, who wore no worried look, and who chewed gum. Beneath the wagon, invisible at first, trotted a mud-battered yellow pup. The wagon stopped.

"Good morning, Mr. Upton," said Mrs. Pillig. "This is me and Peter."

"Where's Buster?" said Peter.

At the word Buster, the yellow pup emerged from beneath the cart, wagging the longest tail, in proportion to the dog, ever seen on a canine? It would be more correct to say that the tail wagged him, for with every excited motion his whole body was undulated to the ears, to counter-balance that tail.

I went out and aided Mrs. Pillig to alight, and then Mike and I lifted the trunk to the porch. I looked at the dog, which had also joined us on the porch, where he was leaving muddy paw marks.

"Do I understand that Buster is also an arrival?" said I.

"Oh, dear me, Mr. Upton, you must excuse me," Mrs. Pillig cried anxiously. "Mrs. John Barker's boy Leslie gave Buster to Peter a month ago, and of course I sent him right back, but he wouldn't stay back, and yesterday we took him away again, and this morning he just suddenly appeared behind the wagon, and I told Peter he couldn't come, and Peter cried, and Buster wouldn't go back, and I'll make Peter take him away just as soon as the rain stops."

"Well, I hadn't bargained on Buster, that's a fact," said I. I didn't like dogs; most people don't who've never had one. But he was such a forlornly muddy mongrel pup, and so eloquent of tail, that I spoke his name on an impulse, and put out my hand. The great tail wagged him to the ears, and with the friendliest of undulations he was all at once close to me, with his nose in my palm. Then he suddenly sat up on his hind legs, dangled his front paws, looked me square in the eyes, and barked.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

DIXON HIGH SCHOOL NEWS
Cancelled Game.
Mt. Morris cancelled the basketball game that was to have been played with Dixon last Friday evening on account of not being able to make connections.
Those who purchased hair cuts last month were: Clark Hess, Jesse Atkins, Edward Condon, George Schuster.
Clarence Vaile was excused Friday morning for a headache; the disease spread very rapidly and within five minutes everybody in the room had headaches.
Mr. Fiester announced that if the high school athletics did not make up the loss they sustained in the football season, there would be no more athletics in the Dixon high school. It is all on account of the lack of support.
Uttley Noble returned from Chicago Monday evening after his mother put him on the train and told the conductor to take good care of the little boy.
Boys' Glee Club.
The Boys' Glee club, under the instruction of Miss Haselneier met Wednesday afternoon and held a very good jubilee. The boys are progressing remarkably for their age.
Music Class Met.
On Thursday morning Miss Haselneier's music class met. The class is progressing right along.
Gave Program.
A beautiful little impromptu theatrical stage number was given at the music period Thursday morning, when our charming song birds, Doris and Florence, sang, Doris sang "All the World is Jealous of Me," while Florence gave an imitation of a Scotch bag-pipe. On the encore of Florence, Ruby Kelly and Marian Cahill did the Highland fling, much to the amusement of Red Fanning, who held a front seat with Biscuits Mahan.
Willard Countryman returned to school Thursday after being laid up with a horrible cold.
The Frolics' dance was well attended. St. Valentine's evening at Rosbrook hall. There were a number of young people from DeKalb, Aurora and Amboy. Logan's Jazz band furnished the music.
REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS
Mary Burns to Ellen E Burns qcd \$1 wh swq 22 May.
Ellen E Burns to Hio G Siebens wd \$1200 same as above.
George E Hies to Minnie F Kastner wd \$2000 Tract 51 Loveland Pl Tracts Dixon.
LICENSED TO WED
Marriage permits have been issued to Claude W. Mangano of Sterling and Miss Amanda Krug of Dixon; and Robert Paul Kettley of Willow Creek and Miss Hazel Butler of Brooklyn township.

JUST KIDS— Spring Fever

By Ad. Carter



NACHUSA

Nachusa, Feb. 15—Mrs. Frank Werner of Sterling was a guest at the O. R. Eicholtz home on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. O. Hoff attended the funeral of Mrs. King of Dixon Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ware were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Deirdorf on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Eicholtz of Chicago are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Eicholtz.

P. R. Emmert, Roy Crawford and J. Pitzer were in Dixon Saturday on business.

J. O. Hoff was in Dixon Tuesday on business.

Miss Lois Deirdorf returned to her home in Dixon Sunday from an extended visit with her aunt, Mrs. Chas. Ware.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Crawford were in Dixon Thursday.

Frank Weidman was in Dixon on Thursday.

J. B. Eicholtz, a highly respected citizen, passed away Tuesday evening. Funeral services were held Friday afternoon. A host of friends tender their heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Baltzley of Chicago were out to attend the funeral of the late Mr. Eicholtz.

R. Anderson of Chicago attended the funeral of the late Mr. Eicholtz Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Barkman, Mr. and Mrs. Wingert, Mrs. H. A. Lott, Mrs. Trottnow, Mrs. Virgie Crawford, Mrs. Minnie Brown, Mr. and Mrs. George Hain were among the number from Franklin Grove who attended the funeral service of the late Mr. Eicholtz, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Dvysart, Mr. and Mrs. J. Herbst, Mrs. B. Herbst, Mrs. P. Brookner, Mrs. S. Patterson, Mrs. Shippert, Misses Ida Patterson, Minnie Shank and Bertha Uhl; Messrs. J. U. Weyant, G. H. Weyant, A. Carson and P. Emmert were among the number from Dixon who attended the funeral of Mr. Eicholtz.

Mr. and Mrs. Soper and Mrs. Crawford of Dixon spent Thursday with relatives here.

W. Crawford and E. B. Crawford were here Friday to attend the Eicholtz funeral.

SWIFT DENIES FRAUD CHARGES

Louis F. Swift, president of Swift & Company, issues a denial of the charges of fraud against the packers as follows:

"There is no foundation for the alleged violations of law attributed to our Company, and I want to say emphatically for Swift & Company that they are not a party to any conspiracy to defraud the government. Nor have Swift & Company been guilty of improperly storing foods, or of willfully making false entries or reports. Conferences that Swift & Company representatives have attended where prices have been discussed have been at the urgent request and direction, and in the presence of either the food administration or Council of National Defense.

We have with other packers, large and small, done our best to comply with the directions of the United States Food Administration in all particulars, including the offers of food supplies for the army and navy, and

the foreign requirements now being handled through the food administration, and we will continue to do our utmost under their direction to increase our production and assist the food administration to get what they want.

We consider that the opportunity to co-operate wholeheartedly and to our fullest powers with this branch of the government is our plain and most pressing duty.

The services of the packers of the United States are most urgently required, and I regret exceedingly that we should at this time have to spend our efforts in defending ourselves against unfounded, unproved and unfair assertions such as are being daily made public."

ENSIGN SCHICK HERE

Ensign Charles Schick of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, formerly a Dixon boy, was here Sunday for a short visit at the C. E. Chandler home. While in the city Mr. Schick witnessed a rehearsal of the Elks minstrels and was loud and enthusiastic in his praise of the wonderful chorus work.

"Tar of the pine and honey of the bees, bottled by FOLEY for everyone's ease."

Foley's Honey and Tar

YES, simple, old-fashioned, homely ingredients—the kind used by grandmothers in the old times before the day of telephones and doctors—always handy.

People get sick in those days—just the same as now. Coughs and colds worried the thoughtful and observing probably more than now, because they knew how quickly a cold could run into something more serious, a danger to be dreaded with a doctor miles away—and money scarce.

So the pungent, clean and wholesome tar of the pine and the balmy, tasteful, demulcent honey of the bees were combined with curative plants found in forest and field to make a remedy for coughs and colds.

Old Home-Made Remedy Now Improved

The old home-made compound has been scientifically tested and improved upon by Foley & Co., and so far more than 30 years the American people have had in Foley's Honey and Tar Compound a first-class pure and safe cough medicine for family use. It is prepared in modern, sanitary laboratories from the freshest and finest ingredients this money can buy in the biggest and best markets of the world.

You Get It At Little Cost and No Trouble

It pays to keep Foley's Honey and Tar in the house, ready to take the instant need. It gives prompt relief from coughs, colds, spasmodic croup, tickling throat, hoarseness, whooping cough, influenza and bronchitis. It comes in 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles—costs less than if you bought the ingredients at retail and mixed them yourself.

Thousands and thousands of mothers have written testimonials to Foley & Co. like the following from Mrs. Elizabeth Slaughton, 187 So. Main St., Norwalk, Conn.: "I have tried Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Very fine."

SOLD EVERYWHERE

EGGS ARE GOING UP

ARE YOUR HENS ON A STRIKE?



WILL MAKE THEM LAY

It will tone them up—it will get them laying quicker. WOLF'S EGG-MAKER has an invigorating effect on the inactive egg organs. It's easy to feed—put a little in the morning mash as directed. It contains no filler—10c worth daily is enough for thirty fowl. You can't lose—no eggs, no pay, OUR GUARANTEE. So sure are we that WOLF'S EGG-MAKER will make your hens lay; that it will keep them strong and vigorous; that we will supply you with enough for your flock, and if it doesn't do as we claim, return the empty package and get back your money. A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU.

Put up in 25c and 50c packages. 50c package contains three times more than 25c package. If your dealer will not supply you, send 25c or 50c for Post Paid Trial Package.

WOLF CHEMICAL CO., Quincy, Ill.

GEORGE D. BAING
Distributor for Lee County.
CAMPBELL & SON

ROWLAND BROS.
PRESCOTT & SCHILDBERG

PUBLIC SALE

PUBLIC SALE.
Having decided to move on a small farm the undersigned will hold a public sale at his place of residence, known as the old McKevitt farm, now owned by A. H. Nichols, on the Pump Factory road, 6 miles south of Dixon, 3 miles east and 2 miles north of Harmon, and 3 miles west and 2 miles north of Walton, on
Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1918
The following described property:
8 Head Horses: 1 span of gray mares, well matched, 12 years old, weight 1300; 1 black mare coming 7 years old, weight 1500; 1 black gelding coming 8 years old, weight 1500; 1 bay mare coming 4 years old, weight 1500; 1 bay horse 19 years old, weight 1200; 1 bay colt coming 3 years old, weight 1200; 7 month old Jenny mule-rolt.
22 Head Cattle: Consisting of 7 steers; 4 dry cows; balance 2 year old heifers, all in good shape and corn fed.
27 Head of Hogs: 15 Red brood sows; 1 Duroc stock hog, eligible to register; balance shoats. Average weight 140 pounds.
1200 bushels of last year's corn in crib; a good quality.
24 acres of corn in field.
Farm Machinery of all kinds.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock sharp. Free lunch at noon, served by Fulfs Bros.
Usual terms of sale.
HARRY KLAFFRODT.
Ira Rutt, Auctioneer.
Clifford Gray, Clerk.

Pastor's Wife Works in a Munition Plant



Mrs. J. C. Marchant, wife of Rev. J. C. Marchant, pastor of the Baptist church at West Haven, Conn., is serving the country by working in a munition plant in that town, thereby releasing a man for a fighting branch of the service. She is here shown inspecting shells.

LABOR TO WIN WAR

Workers Pledge Loyalty to the United States.

Federation Declares Prussian Militaristic Autocracy Menaces World—Wilson's Aims Indorsed.

Washington, Feb. 18.—"This is labor's war. It must be won by labor, and every stage in the fighting and the final victory must count for humanity. That result only can justify the awful sacrifice."

This is the conclusion reached in a statement given out by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor pledging labor's loyalty to the United States and indorsing President Wilson's war aims placed before congress. The council had been in session here seven days.

The declaration says the peace parleys between Russia and Germany have shown the futility of diplomatic negotiations until the German militarists are convinced they cannot superimpose their will on the rest of the world, and that spontaneous uprisings in Germany have demonstrated that the militarist government still is stronger than the movement there for emancipation.

TIME THE MAILS CLOSE

The following table shows the time of closing all mail forwarded to the Dixon postoffice. Mail should be in the postoffice ten minutes preceding the locking or closing time to insure its dispatch.

Train	East Mail	Time
No. 6	3:00 a. m.
No. 28	6:55 a. m.
No. 4	3:50 p. m.
No. 12	5:40 p. m.
No. 20	10:40 a. m.
West Mail.		
No. 5	9:55 a. m.
No. 13	12:55 p. m.
No. 27	6:40 p. m.
No. 9	8:35 p. m.
No. 15	3:00 a. m.
South Mail		
No. 123	10:40 a. m.
No. 131	4:50 p. m.
North Mail		
No. 132	9:30 a. m.
No. 124	4:50 p. m.

FARM LOANS

Unlimited funds at lowest interest rate for long term, with liberal payment privileges stopping interest. Write H. A. Roe Company, Dixon National Bank Bldg., Dixon, Ill.

Telegraph Want Ads

FOR 25 WORDS OR MORE

1c a Word for 2 Times
3c a Word a Week 6 Times
5c a Word Two Weeks 12 Times
9c a Word a Month 26 Times

WANTED

WANTED—Men for detective work. Write J. Ganor, Danville, Ill.

WANTED. Cook wanted at Dixon Hospital.

WANTED. Every white working man in this vicinity, who depends upon his salary for his living, to insure himself, family, merchant, grocer, etc., by protecting his time against disability through illness or accident. Bring The TELEGRAPH containing this ad to my office and receive one month's insurance, free, by taking out a \$60.00 monthly policy which costs \$1.00 per month, payable quarterly. Easy payments guaranteed. Every worker needs this; 110 already have it, locally. Room 27, Dixon National Bank Bldg. Ask for Mr. Sheller, Phone 255.

WANTED. Everyone troubled with aching, tired feet to try a box of Healo. For sale by all druggists.

WANTED—Old False Teeth; don't matter if broken. I pay \$2 to \$15 per set. Also cash for old gold, silver, and broken jewelry. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. Will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of my offer. L. Mazer, 2007 So. 5th St., Phila, Pa.

WANTED. Farms. Will buy farms and deal for cash. Must be bargains. Will consider from 80 to 320 acres or more. Address Lock Box No. 116, Dixon, Illinois.

WANTED. Men. Apply at Borden's Condensed Milk Factory.

WANTED. Competent girl for general housework. Washing and ironing done out of the house. Apply at the J. C. Ayres residence, 421 Peoria Ave. Phone 79.

WANTED. Women wanted full time, salary \$24, selling guaranteed hosiery to wearers. 50c an hour spare time. Big Easter business. Experience unnecessary. Guaranteed Mills, Norristown, Pa.

WANTED—Highest market price paid for all kinds of junk, old iron, rags, rubber, metal, also hides and wool. Trading direct with us means more money for your goods. Call 413 for your orders. S. Rubenstein, 114-118 River St., Dixon.

CIVIL SERVICE Examination in Dixon soon. Men and women desiring government clerkships, departmental, postoffice, railway mail, customs, stenographers, write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard (former government examiner) 97 Kenos Bldg., Washington.

WANTED. Women wanted full time, salary \$24 selling guaranteed hosiery to wearers. 50c an hour spare time. Big Easter business. Experience unnecessary. Guaranteed Mills, Norristown, Pa.

WANTED. 2 experienced men to break old boilers. Dixon Iron & Metal Co., 625 W. Second St.

WANTED. Farm Loans. On good farms in vicinity of Dixon and in Lee county. Can use or place amounts from \$2000 to \$25,000 at 5 1/2%. First mortgage loans on farms of twice the value of amount loaned. Address Lock Box No. 80, Dixon, Illinois.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE. To settle estate of Malinda Shank, located corner of Galena and Everett street, North Dixon, Ill., 1 lot 75x150 ft. with two houses; 1 9-room modern; 1 6-room; will sell both together or separate. Edward E. Dysart, Administrator. Phone 840, Dixon, Ill.

FOR SALE. Complete set of household goods, just the thing to set up housekeeping; three good stoves included; or will sell by the piece. Enquire at 411 S. Galena Ave. or Phone K607.

FOR SALE. Rayfield carburetor and manifold for Ford engine. Will sell cheap if taken at once. Enquire at this office.

FOR SALE. Seed corn, germination guaranteed 92 per cent or better, at reasonable prices. Wm. A. Petrie, Ashton, Ill. Phone 63.

FOR SALE. 2 fine young Bronze turkey gobblers. Also 6 mallard ducks. J. H. Huyett, address Franklin Grove, R. F. D. 3, or Phone Dixon 51200.

FOR SALE—A Weaver's Delight Weaving Machine, weaves anything; something entirely new. If interested, call and see it demonstrated at No. 819 West Sixth St., or phone K1123.

FOR SALE—The Saturday Evening Post. Call Home Phone K-211. Charles LeSage.

FOR SALE—A fine lot of thoroughbred Barred Plymouth Rocks, bred from the best laying strains that money can buy, price \$2.50, for the choice. For information call on or address: Calvin Johnson, Compton, Lee Co., Ill.

FOR SALE. Hay and straw. R. W. Eicholz, 1 1-2 miles southeast of Woosung. Phone L31.

FOR SALE. Pair of new, black enameled gas headlights for Ford, 1-2 price. F. X. Newcomer Co.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Duroc Jersey Gilts, bred to W. M.'s Illustration, for April farrow. These gilts weigh 300 lbs. and are priced right. Adam Salzman, Dixon, Ill.

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey bred Sows and Shorthorn Bulls. F. W. Coleman & Son, Dixon, Ill.

FOR SALE. Last year's timothy seed just as it came from the machine, guaranteed to contain no obnoxious weed seed. J. T. Wolcott, Amboy, Route 6. Phone Amboy.

FOR SALE. Phonograph. Direct from factory to you \$65 buys \$200 Victrola sized Phonograph with records guaranteed for five years. Will ship C. O. D. allowing inspection. Music Master Company, 1408 Wabash Ave. Chicago.

SEED CORN FOR SALE—242-ACRE STOCK FARM FOR RENT—Ninety acres of farming land, balance timber; pasture with 50,000 gallons of spring water adjoining; 400 acres of pasture for rent. Only Godly stock people need apply. White and yellow corn, mostly new; suitable for seed this season. In ear, prices now: \$5 to \$15. Write or order at once. Residence 3 miles northeast of DePue. Phone DePue exchange. Address R-9, Box 41, Princeton, Bureau Co., Ill. Oliver H. Seaton, agent for seed corn.

FOR SALE. 10 pure bred Holstein bulls, ages from 2 months to 2 1/2 years. Dr. C. E. Powell, Polo, Ill.

FARM FOR SALE near Dixon, 240 acres good black corn land. Fine improvements, located near Chicago road. Full possession can be had on March 1st. Farm will pay 10% on investment. A fine 160 a. farm south of Dixon on hard road near to school and church. This is one of the best farms in Lee county; also other farms in Lee county from 80 acres to 640. For full particulars address, phone or call on V. J. O'Gorek at Nachusa Tavern. Phone No. 64, Dixon, Ill.

FOR SALE. A number of attractive household articles, including kitchen cabinet. Must be sold within a few days as am leaving town. Mrs. Rose Bennett, 301 E. First St.

FOR SALE—Unusual bargains in land in Minnesota and North Dakota. For particulars write Wadsworth Co., 525 Temple Court, Minneapolis, Minn., or Langdon, S. Dakota.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT. Furnished modern sleeping room within two blocks of the court house. Phone X615 or call at 315 E. Second St.

FOR RENT. A very pleasant furnished room, modern. Call Home Telephone No. 303.

FOR RENT. Desirable 7 room modern house. Enquire of W. R. McGinnis, 904 Peoria Ave. Phone K439.

FOR RENT. Modern 5 room house, all conveniences; small family, no objection to one child. Call at Henry's Shoe Store.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, modern in every particular. Inquire of Mrs. A. E. Lesage, 612 E. Fellows St. Telephone K-211.

FARM FOR RENT. A 160 and a 240 acre farm for rent. Want only first class tenant; must be good farmer. Address Lock Box No. 80, Dixon, Ill.

MARKETS

Editor's Note—Because the quotations furnished by the various markets of Dixon do not coincide, the Telegraph and its impossible to quote all of the prices daily, and hereafter will quote only those prices which seem most advantageous to seller or purchaser.

	Cash	Carry
Oats, white—82. Mixed	80	
Corn	\$1.15 to \$1.60	
LOCAL PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.		
creamery butter	55	55
Dairy butter	40	48
Lard	28	34
Strictly fresh		
eggs	50	60
Storage eggs	55	50
Potatoes, 3 @ 3 1/4 c pound.		
Flour	3.00	3.10

	Pay	Carry
creamery butter	55	55
Dairy butter	40	48
Lard	28	34
Strictly fresh		
eggs	50	60
Storage eggs	55	50
Potatoes, 3 @ 3 1/4 c pound.		
Flour	3.00	3.10

LIVE POULTRY.

Cocks	10c
Cocks	11c
Young roosters	18c
Ducks, White Pekin	15c
India Runner Ducks	8c
Muscovy Ducks	8c
Geese	12c
Turkeys	20c

TIME TABLE

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RY.
Correct time of all passenger trains leaving Dixon. *Daily except where otherwise specified:

East Bound to Chicago.	
No. Lv. Dixon	Ar. Chicago
24 6:41 a. m.	9:15 a. m.
6 3:28 a. m.	6:45 a. m.
28 7:23 a. m. dly ex Sun	10:40 a. m.
18 8:05 a. m.	11:00 a. m.
10 11:21 a. m.	2:00 p. m.
20 11:01 a. m. dly ex Sun	2:25 p. m.
4 4:11 p. m. dly ex Sun	7:30 p. m.
100 4:15 p. m. Sun only	7:35 p. m.
12 6:30 p. m.	8:45 p. m.

West Bound.	
No. Lv. Chicago	Ar. Dixon
99 7:00 a. m. ex Sun	10:20 a. m.
13 10:45 a. m.	10:26 a. m.
19 12:15 p. m. dly ex Sun	1:18 p. m.
27 3:45 p. m. dly ex Sun	3:39 p. m.
11 6:05 p. m.	7:03 p. m.
25 6:10 p. m.	7:40 p. m.
x17 9:40 p. m.	12:11 a. m.
7 10:00 p. m.	12:23 a. m.
3 11:20 p. m.	2:16 a. m.

No. Lv. Dixon
801 8:30 a. m.
*No. 11 stops only for passengers for Marshalltown, Ia., or beyond.
xTrain 17. Stops only for passengers for Canyon, Wyo., and beyond, or for Des Moines sleeping passengers.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RY.

Correct time of all trains leaving Dixon that carry passengers and freight. *Daily, *Daily except Sunday.

South Bound.	
No. Lv. Dixon	Ar. Chicago
123 Southern Exp.	11:10 a. m.
131 Clinton Exp.	5:09 p. m.
North Bound.	
No. Lv. Dixon	Ar. Chicago
132 Ft. Dodge Exp.	9:53 a. m.
124 Local Mail Dly.	5:35 p. m.
Freeport Freight	12:30 p. m.

WANTED DISTRICT MANAGER

For the County of LEE to sell and demonstrate

Magnetic Health Garments

Rheumatism, Paralysis, All Organic Blood and Skin Diseases

For Particulars Write **B. J. UFKES** Valier, Montana

OFFICIAL FOOD PRICES FOR LEE COUNTY

	Cost of Dealer	Retailer's Profit
Flour	\$10.65	.60 to \$1.25
Sugar, granulated	7.65 per bbl.	Sold at 9c per lb.
Navy beans, per lb.	.16	.02 to .04
Lima beans	.14 1/2 to .15	.02 to .04
Milk, evaporated	6.05 per case	.01 to .03 per can
Milk, condensed	8.40 per can	.01 to .04 per can
Pure lard	.28	.04 to .06 per lb.
Lard compounds	.24	.04 to .06 per lb.
Bacon	.35 1/4 to .41	.04 to .08
Butterine	.14 to .30 1/2	.03 extra for slicing
Corn meal	.14 1/2	.03 to .05
Prunes	.12 to .16	.02 to .04
Rice	.08 1/2 to .09 1/2	.02 to .04
Pink salmon, per doz.	2.70 to 2.15	.03 to .05 per can
Red salmon, per doz.	2.65 to 3.00	.03 to .05 per can
Creamery butter	.50 1/2	.03 to .07
Cheese, brick and cream	.26 to .30	.04 to .09
Eggs, storage	.49 to .45	.04 to .08

YOU will be pleased to learn that new quarters became necessary to handle our greatly increasing business.

We heartily thank you for your co-operation, and predict a most prosperous New Year.

The Securities Trust Company will henceforth welcome its friends and clients at

SUITE 1107-1108

910 South Michigan Boulevard

CHICAGO, ILL.

MILK

100 pounds of average milk contains 3.15 pounds of protein. The feed required for a 1000-lb. cow giving 30 lbs. milk per day is about 2 1-2 lbs. protein—17 1-2 lbs. carbohydrates and 75-100 lbs. fat.

The crop of our usual protein feeds, namely: Clover and Alfalfa hay, this year was practically a failure—oats, being our best crop, will compare with oats as a base of figuring.

100 lbs. oats contains 10.7 lbs. protein, costing 24c per lb. of protein. 100 lbs. Cow Chow contains 24 lbs. protein, costing 12.5c per lb. of protein.

And in addition to the above comparison of cost the Cow Chow is a perfect balanced ration for the dairy cow, supplying the protein, carbohydrates and fats in the proper proportions for bodily maintenance and milk production.

We protected the interests of the farmers of this vicinity in ordering three car loads of this feed at November, 1917, prices, and are giving the feeders the benefit, as the above comparison shows.

See us for your feed wants—we have barn, linseed meal, cotton seed meal, shorts, hominy, dried brewers' grains, corn, oats, etc., in stock at

Public Supply Co.

Phone 354

COAL, HAY, FEED, TILE, CEMENT, ETC.

COR. DEPOT AVE. AND 7TH ST., DEMENT TOWN, DIXON, ILLINOIS

HANK AND PETE

EVEN WITH AN ATTACHMENT, THIS MACHINE WILL ONLY HOLD ONE

By KEN KLING



PUBLIC SALE
The undersigned will hold a closing out sale at the Gooch farm on the Lincoln Highway, 4 1-2 miles west of Dixon and 8 miles northeast of Sterling, 3 miles southwest of Woosung on the interurban line, on
Friday, Feb. 22, 1918
8 Head of Horses.
32 Head of Cattle.
Farm Machinery of all description. Hay, corn and oats.
Sale commences at 10 o'clock. Free lunch at noon.
Usual terms of sale.
E. J. McGRATH.
Ira J. Rutt, Auct.
Clifford Gray, Clerk.

FOR SALE. Nurses record sheets at the Evening Telegraph office.

INVESTORS:
Here's a chance to buy some old Building and Loan Stock, getting various amounts of money at work where a good rate of interest will be realized.
If interested, call, write or telephone.

Pay.	Each Month.
\$24.00 now, then.....	\$3.00
34.00 now, then.....	2.50
47.00 now, then.....	2.00
52.00 now, then.....	1.00
57.00 now, then.....	5.00
103.00 now, then.....	2.00
187.00 now, then.....	1.50
223.00 now, then.....	7.50
505.00 now, then.....	12.50
513.00 now, then.....	10.00
525.00 now, then.....	40.00
1,282.00 now, then.....	25.00

Some in and talk it over with the Secretary.
Ask us about the new series.
Over 30 years in business.
DIXON LOAN & BUILDING ASS'N
116 Galena Ave.

The Brown Shoe Company
Dixon, Ill.
Manufacturers of Ladies' and Misses' Shoes
Capacity 4,000 Pairs Daily

DR. C. LA COUR
ECLECTIC
DRUGLESS PHYSICIAN
Osteopath, Chiropractor, Physiological Therapist.
190 Galena Ave. Dixon, Ill.
Phone 572.

ROBERT H. SCOTT, LAWYER
12 Years County Judge.
Trials, Wills, Estates.
Phones—Office, 131
House, X-703
Warner-Lofus Bldg.

LENTEN SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK ONLY
No. 1-2 lb. can Medium Red Salmon, per can.....18c
No. 1-2 lb. can Extra Fancy Red Salmon, per can.....23c
No. 1 lb. can Pink Salmon, per can.....20c
No. 1 lb. can Red Salmon, per can.....26c
No. 1 lb. Flat Cans Extra Fancy Salmon, per can.....32c
Pure Tuna Fish
We have in stock only pure Tuna Fish, packed in pure olive oil. We don't handle the Tuna that you get most other places, that can be bought for most any price. The Tuna you buy is not pure, as you can find it marked. Species of Tuna Fish packed in cold pressed cotton seed oil. Why buy imitations when you can get pure fish for a reasonable price at

W. C. JONES
The Pure Food Store
Sole Agent for the Creve Coeur Food Products
605-07 Depot Ave. Phone 127

COLUMBIA RECORDS FOR FEBRUARY NOW ON SALE
Gronofolas \$15.00 and up;
C. G. Conn band instruments, Gibson Mandolins and Guitars. Latest sheet music and player rolls. Free Sewing Machines, New Sewing Machines. Sold on easy payments.

W. J. SMITH
DIXON and AMBOY

SPECIAL PRICES
—AT—
Todd's Hat Store
this week on Mufflers, Neckwear, Gloves and Mitts.
TODD'S HAT STORE
Opera House Block

SPECIAL FAMILY Theatre EXTRA
Paramount-Artcraft Present
VIVIAN MARTIN in "MOLLY ENTANGLED"
A tale of "Ould Ireland"—a "bit of Blarney" that you mustn't miss
STANDARD VAUDEVILLE
FORGO & WELLS Comedy Musical Novelty
BERT LENNON Character Delineations
MME ELLIS & CO. Mental Telepathists—She will call your name, reveal your thoughts and answer your questions.
This is a Dandy Show
SPECIAL TOMORROW Paramount-Artcraft present Geraldine Farrar in "THE DEVIL STONE." Sennett Comedy and Hearst-Pathe-News
Special Thursday—Annette Kellerman in
"A DAUGHTER OF THE GODS"
A Million Dollar Picture Beautiful
Starting Wednesday—Matinee Every Day but Sunday and Monday.

WALTER L. PRESTON
Undertaker and Funeral Director
Ambulance and Lung-motor Service
123 E. FIRST ST. DIXON
Telephones
Office 78; Residence K828

A. M. RAWLS
Auto Radiator Repairing
All Kinds of Soldering
112 Hennepin Ave.
Phone 1022.

DIXON IRON AND METAL CO.
Wholesale and retail dealers. Buyers of Old Iron and Rags, Rubbers, Metal, Paper, Hides, Wool and Fur. It will pay Farmers to haul their Junk in and get wholesale prices. Drive to 625 W. 2nd St., a few blocks west of Postoffice, Dixon, Ill. City Scales.
Call K 759 when you have Junk.

BERT E. SMICE
PLUMBING
Heating and Gas Fitting
Phones: Shop 215; Res. K653
409 FIRST STREET
Dixon Illinois

The BARGAIN COUNTER
Merchants to Their Patrons

FOR SALE.
Five full blood Duroc Jersey boars These are growthy big type boars with perfect feet and legs. Phone 76. 297 tf

IDAHO APPLES.
Call F. C. Sproul Grocery. Phone 158. 18tf

LAND.
\$100 yearly rents or buys 200 acres near Minneapolis. Farm close to town in Southern Wisconsin for rent, sale or trade; also farm here; all good soil. Wadsworth, Langdon, N. D. 23tf

NOTICE.
The public is hereby warned against extending credit to any person using my name. I will not be responsible for such bills.
The above does not apply to Mrs. Powell.
316 DR. POWELL

CISTERN CLEANING
We will clean and repair your cistern. Reasonable prices and careful work. Leave orders at G. F. Bishop's store. Phone 28.
JONES & OWENS.
326*

TAX NOTICE.
On account of illness I have appointed James McPherson deputy collector for Grand Detour township. Books will be at Dixon National Bank on Feb. 19, 23 and March 2.
HERBERT N. WARNER, Collector.
353*

TAX NOTICE.
The South Dixon township tax collector will be at the Dixon National Bank on Tuesdays and Saturdays of each week and on pay days.
361* RALPH SHOEMAKER.

GET ALL MILEAGE POSSIBLE
Make this your slogan. "Save the Old Tires." Have Graybill fix up your old tires by vulcanizing and in some tires the use of reliners. We assure you wonderful results.
Graybill's Tire & Vulcanizing Shop. Near the Bridge. Phone 446. 366

know that the Telegraph is a member of the Audit Bureau of Circulations. That means honest circulation and the advertiser knows what he is paying for.

PRAISES MEN ON DESTROYER
Daniels Commends Officers and Crew of the Cassin.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Three officers of the destroyer Cassin were commended by Secretary Daniels for "gallant" conduct during their engagement with a submarine October 15, 1917.

They were: Commander Walter N. Vernon, Lieut. John W. McClaran, Lieut. John A. Saunders.

The secretary's letter to Commander Vernon was ordered read to the destroyer's crew. It said:

"Department... notes with gratification the highly commendable conduct of yourself, the other officers and men of the Cassin.
"The manner in which the Cassin kept under way with her steering gear disabled and practically at the mercy of the submarine and opened fire on the surface an hour later is well worthy of the best traditions of the service."

"T. R." to Leave Hospital Soon.
New York, Feb. 18.—Colonel Roosevelt is progressing so well that for the first time his physicians assured him if his improvement continued he may go to a hotel by the end of February.

Bell Jury Fails to Agree.
Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 18.—The jury in the election conspiracy trial of Joseph E. Bell, former mayor, and 29 other Indianapolis men, has disagreed.

GERMANS PREPARE 1,500 WORKERS SLAIN TO ATTACK RUSS

Envoys of the Central Powers Leave Petrograd—No Troops Released.

ARMISTICE WILL END TODAY

Lenine and Trotsky Reported Too Busy to Meet Kaiser's Representatives—Slaves Threatened to Kill Germans.

Berlin, Feb. 18.—The commissioners representing the central powers left Petrograd and have crossed the German lines. It is announced officially. The Frankfurter Zeitung says the German government considers the armistice ends today and a state of war between Russia and Germany will be immediately resumed.

The armistice between the Russian and German forces which has been in existence for several weeks on the Russian front will expire at noon today, according to the official statement issued by the German army headquarters staff. The text reads:

"Eastern theater: On the great Russian front the armistice expires at noon tomorrow."
An official statement issued by the German imperial government states that the Petrograd government by its conduct has denounced the armistice which had been in existence on the Russian front. This denunciation is regarded as having occurred February 10.

"In conformity therewith," the official statement says, "the German government must, after a lapse of seven days, give notice of the termination as provided for under the treaty and reserve a free hand in every direction."

Germans Prepare to Attack.
Amsterdam, Feb. 18.—German forces are already being concentrated in Ukraine to attack the bolsheviks, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Tjld. Declarations looking to the active prosecution of the war against the bolsheviks in north Russia also will be made at Berlin this week.

A Russian wireless dispatch received in Rome says Germany has countermanded her transfer of troops from the east to the west front.

Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, has notified Berlin that Austrian troops must not be used against Russia to support any policy which Austria has not approved, but only for purposes of self-defense against marauding bands.

The bolsheviks are making wholesale arrests of Germans in Russia and holding them as hostages, according to a Riga dispatch received by way of Berlin. Three hundred Germans and many pro-German Estonians at Dorpat have been arrested and transferred to Kronstadt.

All the food in the Dorpat district has been confiscated, and it is almost impossible to feed the German women and children.

The lives of those arrested, as well as Germans and German supporters who have not yet been arrested, are hourly in great danger, adds the dispatch, as the bolsheviks threaten wholesale butchery. The bolsheviks have officially declared the Baltic nobility outlaws. Germany has already served notice on the bolshevik authorities that she will enforce reprisals if the German prisoners are harmed.

Too Busy to Meet Germans.

Complaint is made in a semi-official note received from Berlin that the German commission in Petrograd is experiencing constantly increasing difficulties. Conversation with the Russian leaders is impossible, it is said, because the Russian authorities, especially Premier Lenine and Foreign Minister Trotsky, declare they are preoccupied with other urgent business and make numerous excuses to retard the discussions.

"After the grave incidents of the last few days," the note adds, "the Russian government has abrogated the recent decision regarding military and civilian prisoners of war. The question seriously arises whether it is wise in the present circumstances for the German commission to remain in Petrograd."

News has been received in Berlin confirming reports that Russia has not begun the demobilization which her representatives at Brest-Litovsk announced had been ordered, according to a dispatch from Berlin to the Weser Zeitung of Bremen.

GERMAN TROOPS IN REVOLT

Soldiers at Grodno and Kovno Refused to Obey Command.

Petrograd, Feb. 18.—German soldiers at Grodno and Kovno, according to a report received here from Moscow, have refused to obey a command to move to the French front. The troops have intrenched themselves under the protection of their own artillery and have defeated a detachment of loyal forces which the German staff sent to punish them.

(The foregoing dispatch may be an echo of an earlier report of a mutiny of German soldiers on the Russian front. The Russian wireless news service sent out a message January 5 to the effect that 25,000 German soldiers in the region east of Kovno had revolted in consequence of the German government's drafting of all soldiers below the age of thirty-five for service on the western front.)

The Telegraph has the largest circulation of any paper in Lee County. Advertise in the Telegraph and get results.

White Guards Defeat Rebels at Petchersk.

Ukrainian Troops Are Fighting and Will Act Mercilessly Against Bourgeoisie.

Petrograd, Feb. 18.—A dispatch from Kiev says:

"White guards, after defeating Red guards and revolutionary troops holding the arsenal at Petchersk, shot nearly 1,500 workmen. All who wore the workmen's blouses or who had 'thorny hands' were massacred, and all the members of the revolutionary military committee were shot.

"Ukrainian troops of the council of soldiers' and workmen's delegates, under command of Comrade Kobitubsky, are fighting desperately and are determined to act mercilessly against the bloody mercenaries of the Ukrainian bourgeoisie."

Indiscriminate shooting now is going on throughout the city of Petrograd both by day and night, but usually is most general by nightfall. Pillaging, followed by shooting, spread last night from Voznessensky Prospect past St. Isaac's cathedral to Galernaya street, where private apartments were broken into and plundered, culminating in protracted firing between the pillagers and Red guards. The wounded were taken to hospitals.

Stockholm, Feb. 18.—Grim stories of atrocities committed by the Red guard in southern Finland were told by the 640 refugees who reached Stockholm with the second relief expedition sent from here.

Eleven men were taken from a large estate near Bjoerneborg, stripped and compelled to run around a walled garden while the Red Guard used them as targets until all were killed. This is but one of a score of similar stories related by the eyewitnesses.

The Red guard makes a specialty of mutilating victims' faces, so that relatives cannot identify the bodies.

Six wounded members of the government force were killed with knives when the Red guard captured Kotka. Murders are of daily occurrence in Helsingfors.

4 U. S. MEN SLAIN IN FRANCE

Two Missing and One Wounded, Says Pershing Report.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Four Americans have been killed, one wounded and two are missing as a result of fighting January 30 and February 8, 9 and 14. General Pershing reported to the war department.

The dead are: Ferdinand Sauer, private, February 8, Washington; John J. White, private, February 8, Epworth, Ia.; James Novasconi, private, February 9, Ouray, Colo.; Louis W. Stacke, private, February 14, Oklahoma City, Okla.

The missing: Edward Roberts, private, February 8, New York city; John W. Hill, private, January 30, Berry, Ala.

Slightly wounded: Marshall R. Farnum, private, February 8, Inkster, N. D. General Pershing reported these deaths from natural causes: H. Hurdling, private, empyema, Ossian, Ind.; J. E. Ellis, private, Knoxville, Tenn.

NEW CHIEF FOR BRITAIN

Lieut. Gen. Sir Wilson Succeeds General Robertson.

London, Feb. 18.—Lieut. Gen. Sir Henry Wilson became chief of staff of the British armies. He assumed the duties of that post upon the resignation of General Sir William Robertson, who had held the post since December 21, 1915, when he succeeded General Murray. The official press bureau, in making the announcement, explained that the Versailles conference, in extending the functions of the permanent military representatives on the council, limited the special powers formerly held by the chief of staff.

AVIATOR FALLS TO DEATH

Lieut. E. McKean Killed and Lieut. C. E. Cummins Hurt in Crash.

Jennings, La., Feb. 18.—Lieut. Egbert McKean was killed and Lieut. Charles E. Cummings received serious injuries when an airplane which they were operating crashed to the ground near here. The men were making a flight from Gerstner field, near Lake Charles. They had circled the city several times and apparently were preparing to make a landing when the machine suddenly dropped, headfirst.

ROUMANIA READY FOR PEACE

Wants Central Powers Not to Assail Roumanian Sovereignty.

Amsterdam, Feb. 18.—A Vienna dispatch to the Handelsblad says Roumania is ready to treat for peace with the central powers, provided she is assured they will not assail Roumanian sovereignty. Roumania is willing to cede Dobruja to Bulgaria, provided she gets "benevolent support" in the Bessarabian question.

McLean Sets World's Record.
Lake Placid, N. Y., Feb. 18.—A world's record for skating a half mile was made by Bobby McLean of Chicago, world's professional champion ice skater, who covered the distance in 1:15 in a special trial held under the auspices of the Lake Placid Skating association. The former record was 1:16 1-5, made in 1897 by John Nilsson at Montreal.

The Evening Telegraph delivered in the city of Dixon by carrier and the Chicago Daily Tribune by mail, \$8.40. For further particulars call No. 5.

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Michael J. McGowan, Deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Executrix of the last Will and Testament of the late Michael J. McGowan, late of the County of Lee, and State of Illinois, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the May Term, on the first Monday in May next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted.

All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 18th day of February, A. D. 1918.

MARY MCGOWAN, Executrix.

HARRY EDWARDS, Attorney. 18 25 4

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Samuel B. Miller, Deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Executors of the last Will and Testament of Samuel B. Miller, late of the County of Lee, and State of Illinois, hereby give notice that they will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the May Term, on the first Monday in May next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted.

All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 12th day of February, A. D. 1918.

L. W. MILLER, CLEMENT MILLER, Executors.

HARRY EDWARDS, Attorney. 18 25 4

AMEND DRAFT LAW
(Associated Press Leased Wire.) Washington, Feb. 16.—Amendment of the draft law so as to exempt citizens or subjects of neutral countries, who have declared their intention to become American citizens is proposed in a bill prepared by the war department in conjunction with the state department and introduced today by Chairman Dent of the House Military Committee.

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